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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

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Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Gen. Lee in all probability will be one of the Cuban military commissioners. —— There is to be a naval review in New York harbor of the ships of Admiral Sampson's fleet. —— The Naval Reserves are to be retired and sent home shortly. —— It is reported from Hong Kong that Manila has fallen. —— Captain General Augustin has arrived at Hong Kong from Manila, going to Spain. —— Blanco has tendered his resignation as captain general of Cuba. —— Gen. Shafter telegraphs that the last of his troops will have left for the United States by Thursday next. —— Great Britain demands that China dismiss Prince Li Hung Chang from power; in the event of refusal of demand threatens to seize the port and forts at Pekin. —— Gen. Fitz. Lee, it is authoritatively stated, will enter the Senatorial race in Virginia. —— A tornado in Minnesota killed seven people, destroyed buildings and did great damage to crops. —— Soldiers at San Francisco attempted to lynch a negro who struck one of their number with "brass-knucks." —— The news of peace is heartily welcomed in Spanish coast towns; many vessels are preparing to sail with provisions for Cuba. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call steadier at 1½@2 per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton—quiet; middling uplands 6c; flour dull and easier with wheat; wheat—spot quiet; No. 2 red 78½c; corn—spot steady; No. 2 39c; rosin steady; strained common to good, $1.35; spirits turpentine steady at 29@29½c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 15.

Temperature: 8 A.M., 74 deg.; 8 P.M., 78 deg.; maximum, 84 deg.; minimum, 69 deg.; mean, 76 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.87 inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 16 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ended at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Heavy showers have occurred in the Carolinas and light showers in the eastern districts. Generally clear weather prevails this moring.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The pressure has fallen sharply in the lake regions and in the middle Mississippi and Ohio valleys, under the influence of a moderate storm now central over the upper lakes. A gale of sixty miles is reported from Chicago. The pressure continues highest in the North Atlantic states. Rain and cloudy weather prevails over Florida and a partial cloudiness over the lake sections; elsewhere it is generally clear.

With the exceptions of light showers in Florida and in the States of the middle Mississippi valley no preeipitation has occurred during the last twelve hours. The temperature is generally slightly higher, except in the far Northwest, where it is much cooler.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Fair, followed by threatening weather and light showers in southeast-portion Tuesday afternoon; easterly winds.

Port Almanac—Aug. 16.

Sun Rises..... 5.19 A. M.
Sun Sets..... 6.49 P. M.
Day's Length.....13 H. 30 M.
High Water at Southport 6.36 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington 9.42 P. M.

In the estimation of those fellows who believe in holding on to Cuba "the average Cuban is very low" and the above average isn't very high.

With 25,000 idle men in the town of Dawson, and the freezing season setting in, we may soon expect to hear some remarks about short rations.

The seas and the rivers give up their dead, but it is said that Lake Superior never does. When a person is drowned in that lake he or she goes to the bottom and remains there.

Admiral Sampson is not as big a man as he was. Aside from that dispatch and his report of the destruction of Cervera's fleet his weight has been reduced from 170 to 130 pounds.

For the benefit of the people who insist that we should hold the Philippines it may be incidentally remarked that we have never taken any of them, not even Manila, which was temporarily turned over to us by agreement with Spain.

A newspaper account of an accident on the Pacific road, to a train on which Vice President Daniel Lamont was travelling, says that when he saw that his car was going to be smashed he walked into another car. Dan always did have the reputation of being somewhat sensible, and it may be inferred from this that he is not hankering to furnish the newspapers with a premature obituary.

In a speech delivered at Warsaw last Friday, Mr. John E. Fowler was bitter in his denunciation of the Democratic party. Mr. Fowler is the Populist candidate for Congress in the Third District, and he is very much incensed against the Democrats because they declined to "co-operate" with him and thus "make his election sure." It is interesting to observe that Mr. Fowler has no abuse for Republicans.

At the present rate it will not take the Klondike bubble long to burst. The $20,000,000 of gold that was looked for some time ago has dwindled down in the estimates to $6,000,000, and may go as low as $4,000,000. This would hardly pay the fares and travelling expenses of the gold seekers.

The question of Americanizing Porto Rico will be no puzzle. The Porto Ricans are just hankering to be Americanized, as, for instance, the Alcalde of Yacua, who when he saw the stars and stripes proceeded to head his official documents Yacua, United States of America.

Mark Hanna was opposed to the war but when our boys knocked the persimmons down he was in for grabbing all we can and holding on. As a grabber there is nothing slow about Marcus,

A St. Louis paper calls Aguinaldo a Judas. That paper is poaching on the Ohio Republican preserves. The Ohio papers had a pre-emption claim on that Judas vocabulary.

The boss chunk of gold was dug up in West Australia recently, which weighed 1,636 ounces and is worth $32,500. They don't often pick up pieces as large as that.

Jim Corbett says he is travelling on his merits. Before he got that Fitz solar plexus knockout he travelled on his muscle and his jaw.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Yacht Race—Carolina Club.
I. B. Rhodes—Fit for the King.
J. W. Murchison—A bitter warfare.
Masonic-Meeting Wilmington Lodge

LOCAL DOTS.

— Four soldiers from Fort Caswell came up to the city yesterday on a furlough.

— Justice G. W. Bornemann disposed of one drunk and disorderly case yesterday.

— Several sets of iron steps to be used at the fort were carried down yesterday on the *General Thom*.

— St. Mark's Church, colored, gave an excursion to Carolina Beach yesterday. There were about 600 excursionists.

— Several of the colored soldiers at Fort Macon who have been here on furlough for several days, returned to camp yesterday.

— Thieves got into the pantry of Mr. W. H. Alderman's residence one night last week and took away a quantity of food.

— The regular, *bona fide* circulation of THE MORNING STAR is much larger than that of any other daily newspaper published in Wilmington.

— There will be a full rehearsal of the Second Regiment Band this evening at 8:15 o'clock. The executive committee requests that there be no visitors present.

— Col. D. Worthington, of Wilson, and Mr. Herbert McClammy, of Wilmington, are the only two candidates thus far announced for the Democratic nomination for Judge of the Eastern Criminal Circuit.

— A gentleman handed the STAR a clipping yesterday telling of an association of master plumbers formed not long ago in Savannah, Ga., and suggested that it might be to the advantage of Wilmington plumbers and the public to unite and see that none but first class work is done.

Will Sail to-morrow.

The people of Wilmington and on Ocean View Beach will be glad to learn that the regatta to have been sailed last Saturday afternoon in Bank's Channel from the Carolina Yacht Club House, but postponed on account of the calm which prevailed, will be sailed on Wednesday of this week. It will be seen from an official notice published in another column that all boats entered for the races are notified to report at the club by 4 o'clock.

Excursionists Yesterday.

Nine car loads of excursionists arrived yesterday evening at 6.15 o'clock from Greensboro over the C. F. & Y. V. railroad. There were about 500 people in all, and only forty or fifty were white. The train was nearly two hours late, being due to arrive here at 4.30 P. M. It will go out to-night at 9 o'clock. Mr. Clifton, C. F. & Y. V. agent at Greensboro, has charge of the excursion.

Bellamy and Kitchin.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, and Hon. W. H. ("Buck") Kitchin will address the people at Burgaw, Pender county, Monday, September 12th. Superior Court opens on that day, and a great crowd is expected.

THE COUNTY COMMISSIONERS

Board Met Yesterday to Hear Complaints and Equalize Tax Valuations—The Standard-Keeper Trouble.

According to previous announcement in the STAR, there was a meeting of the Board of County Commissioners yesterday at 2.30 P. M., for the purpose of hearing complaints and equalizing tax valuations. It was only in cases where there has been an increase by improvement or a decrease by fire or otherwise.

Quite a number of people misunderstood the power of the Board and made application for reduction in cases where the Board had no authority to act. Commissioners present were Chairman Roger Moore and Commissioners Alexander, Barry, Boatwright and Cowan.

The first matter to engage the attention of the Board was a request for the release of Mrs. J. B. Mercer from double tax. This and a request from Mr. Sam'l Bear, Jr., for a reduction in the valuation of some property in South Wilmington, were referred to the County Attorney for investigation, as was also a similar request from Mrs. E. Lilly.

The valuation of a lot in block 224, owned by J. E. Taylor, was changed from $700 to $650.

The tax-listers were instructed to change the assessment so as to give each owner, Messrs. Yopp and Sellers, a $500 valuation on certain property in question.

A petition from Polly Larkins, asking that she be allowed to list her taxes free of charge, was granted.

A communication from Mr. Samuel Bear, Sr., was read. It claimed that June 1st when taxes were given in only about $300 worth of work had been done on his new cottage on Ocean View beach. He therefore protested against the $1,200 valuation which has been put upon it. The Board ordered that the valuation for the present year be made $500 and $1,200 thereafter.

The Board took up the matter of assessing stock in the National Bank of Wilmington and the Atlantic National Bank. The stock of the former was assessed at $100, and that of the latter at $130. The stock of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company was assessed at $50 per share.

Commissioner Boatwright reported that his committee had investigated the matter as to the standard keeper and found that the standard keeper was misusing the weights and measures and other county property in his custody, contrary to law. The city attorney was instructed to see Mr. W. J. Harris, the standard keeper, and effect the removal of the property to the court house, where it is provided by law that it should be kept.

The only other matter which came up for action was also of a general character. It was the voting of an allowance of $2.00 per month to Mrs. Fannie Farrow.

There being no further business the Board adjourned.

THE PYTHIAN HOSPITAL.

A Noble Work Undertaken by Chattanooga Pythians.

Many of the soldiers who are fighting Uncle Sam's battles on land and sea are members of the Pythian order. And as Pythian soldiers have no immunity from sickness, the Knights in Chattanooga, Tenn., headed by Supreme Representative Dr. E. B. Wise, have opened a hospital for the accommodation of such of their brothers as may become ill while in camp at Chickamauga Park. The military hospitals are ably providing for the sick, but the Pythian hospital will have superior advantages on account of its location away from camp and the noise incident upon camp life.

The site of the hospital was well chosen and the medical staff is composed of prominent physicians, all of them knights. The management has petitioned the lodges in the State for financial aid, and would be pleased to receive assistance from members of the order throughout the supreme domain, as the amount of good accomplished will depend largely upon the voluntary offerings made by brother knights.

Visitors From Portsmouth.

Mr. Stanley G. Fowler and his party will leave for home this afternoon at 3.20. They were met by Mr. F. L. Huggins upon their return from Wrightsville beach at 12.15 P. M., who drove them down the turnpike where photographer Seidell got in some of his work. In the afternoon the party went down to Carolina Beach when more photographs—of the Oceanic Hotel, the bathers, and other scenes—were taken. Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., the president of the Chamber of Commerce, will look after the comfort of the visitors to-day.

About a Stalk of Cotton.

Mr. Z. W. Whitehead, editor of the *Southern Milling and Lumber Journal*, has returned from a trip through South Carolina in the interest of his paper. A prominent lumber dealer whom he met was Mr. E. G. Mallard, of Greeleyville, S. C. Mr. Mallard is a planter as well as a lumberman, and showed Mr. Whitehead a stalk of cotton which surpasses anything of the kind that the latter remembers to have seen. It had 191 bolls, blooms and forms.

Lumberton Fair.

The annual Fair of the Robeson County Fair Association will be held at Lumberton October 26th, 27th and 28th. All space for exhibits free.

FRANK GOUGH, Secy. and Treas. †

THE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Accurate Census of Houses in the City Ordered — Action on Important Resolution Deferred.

There was a meeting of the City Board of Health yesterday. Present, Mayor Wright, Dr. Thomas, Dr. Russell and Dr. McMillan. The weekly report of the superintendent of health was accepted, and the following order adopted:

That the health officers of the city be instructed to make an accurate census of the houses in the city according to the following plan: The officers to have districts accurately defined, so that the enumeration of houses shall not be duplicated. The census is to cover all the houses which are in the district of each officer and must be made by streets and named by numbers, with owner and occupant if obtainable.

The report must state for each house whether it is provided with water closets. Also the source of the water supply, whether cistern, driven well, open well, spring or public water supply.

The last matter considered was a communication from the Board of Health of the city of Augusta, Ga. Action upon its recommendations was postponed until some future meeting.

The communication is in the form of a resolution protesting against the landing of United States soldiers in Southern ports and then transporting them overland to points North. Provision is made for strong influences to be brought to bear upon the War Department to prevent such a practice. The resolution sets forth the fact that if the troops are brought overland through the South it may be the means of spreading an epidemic.

ODD FELLOW'S ORPHANS.

Will Arrive This Morning at Half-Past Nine.

The children who are inmates of the Odd Fellows' Orphan Home at Goldsboro are expected to arrive here at 9.30 o'clock this morning over the Coast Line. They will be met by a committee from the four lodges and taken to the Seacoast depot, from which they will leave at 10.10 o'clock for Wrightsville Beach. They will be the guests of the Seashore Hotel until 6 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. Then they will come back to the city and on Thursday night a reception will be given in their honor. Friday they will return to Goldsboro.

The committee of entertainment is composed as follows:

Cape Fear Lodge No. 2, M. W. Jacobi, W. H. Yopp and J. O. Powers; Orion, No. 69, J. E. Gordon, F. B. Rice and J. W. Cate; Wilmington, No. 139, J. W. Monroe, T. G. Evans and A. G. Ellis; Hanover, No. 145, W. H. Howell, B. W. Dunham and J. O. Wiggs.

Those who are to entertain the orphans while they are here are asked to meet them at the Seashore Hotel Wednesday afternoon. If this is not convenient they will notify the chairman of the committee, Mr. M. W. Jacobi, and meet them at the depot upon the arrival of the train from the beach.

STATE BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

Met in Raleigh With Prof. Noble and Others Present.

Prof. M. C. S. Noble returned yesterday from Raleigh where he went to attend a meeting of the State Board of Examiners, consisting of himself, State Superintendent Mebane, Prof. L. L. Hobbs, of Guilford College, and Prof. W. L. Poteat, of Wake Forest College. The papers of eighteen or twenty applicants were examined and the results will be made known in due time by Superintendent Mebane.

The board has recently prepared and had distributed to the public school teachers hand-books on courses of study and methods of teaching with outlines of type lessons.

Prof. Noble and family will leave here about the third or fourth of August in time for the University opening.

Next Thursday.

There will be a big excursion from Mill Creek to this city on next Thursday on the steamer *Frank Sessoms*, Capt. Ward. The boat will arrive here at 4:00 o'clock in the afternoon and will leave at 8:00 o'clock Friday night. Capt. Ward was here yesterday making advance arrangements. Capt. J. W. Harper has arranged a special programme for the Black River people. There will be a fine dance in the big pavilion. The last boat will leave the beach at 11:30 P. M.

Left for Kenansville.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Wallace, of Argyle, Ga., who have been here on a visit for several days left Saturday for Kenansville to visit relatives. Mrs. Wallace was formerly Miss Annie Elyse Gillican, and at one time lived in Wilmington. Her marriage to Mr. Wallace, a brother of Messrs. R. W. and Hugh Wallace, of this city, was celebrated last Thursday, Aug. 9th.

Supreme Lodge K. of P.

The Supreme Lodge, Knights of Pythias, will convene in annual session at Indianapolis on Tuesday, Aug. 23. Mr. T. D. Meares, who holds the important position of Supreme Master of Exchequer, will leave here Friday afternoon with his wife to attend the Supreme Lodge.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia Nervou Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. 4

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. T. C. DeRosset returned from New York yesterday.

— Mr. W. Hugh Owens, of Manchester, Va., is in the city on a visit.

— Miss Chloe Walker, of Hope Mills, is visiting Miss Ophelia Northam.

— Private Pat Plunkett, of Battery I, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

— Miss Maggie McSorley, of Newbern, is visiting friends in the city.

— Mr. R. McMillan, of Fayetteville, was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Miss Norma Northam left yesterday for Littleton to attend the Littleton Female College.

— Miss Mary Andrews, of Charlotte, is visiting Miss Maggie Smith, 212 North Front street.

— Mr. Julius Schloss, of Memphis, Tenn., is visiting Mrs. B. Solomon, on Wrightsville beach.

— Mr. C. F. Malloy, of Fayetteville, a C. F. and Y. V. employe, was a visitor at this office last evening.

— Mrs. Maria L. McLeod, Miss Maud McLeod and Mrs. E. Borden returned last evening from Mt. Airy.

— Prof. William Royall, of the Institute for the Blind, Raleigh, N. C., was here yesterday, going to Hillsboro to visit relatives.

— Misses Mary Rogers and Nora Styron, of Durham, who have been visiting Mrs. S. W. Sanders, returned home yesterday.

— Miss Mabel Froelich, a charming young lady of Halifax, is in the city, visiting Mrs. J. H. Rehder, on North Seventh street.

— Mrs. S. W. Sanders left yesterday for Raleigh where she will attend a reception this week at the Governor's Mansion.

— Dr. and Mrs. W. H. H. Cobb, of Goldsboro, are spending some time on Ocean View Beach. They are registered at the Seashore.

— Miss Fannie Corbett returned yesterday from Boston where she has been in attendance upon the New England Conservatory of Music.

— Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Rion, of Murfreesboro, Tenn., who have been at Seashore Hotel on Ocean View beach the past ten days, left yesterday for their home.

— Mrs. L. G. Cole, Mrs. C. C. Thomas, Mrs. C. C. Cheek, and Mrs. O. T. Smith, of Durham, who have been sojourning at Carolina beach, returned home yesterday.

— J. C. Holmes, colored, was tried yesterday before 'Squire Bunting on the charge of abandoning and failing to support his wife. The defendant was discharged.

— Miss Annie Gumm, of Atlanta, and Miss Susie Gumm, of Charlotte, for the past week popular guests at the Seashore Hotel, left for their homes yesterday evening.

— Mr. Sol Weil, of Goldsboro, and a party of six came down Sunday to spend the day on Wrightsville Beach, as the guests of Mr. and Mrs. I. L. Greenewald, on Wrightsville Beach.

— Mrs. Joe Lanier, Mrs. Henry Crawford, Misses Crawford and Lawrence and Mr. Jno. C. Lamb arrived Sunday night, going to Wrightsville beach to spend a few days.

— Mr. and Mrs. Inman and Mrs. Inman's charming sister, Miss Clark, of Augusta, who have been quite a pleasant party at Seashore Hotel the past week or two, left for their home Sunday.

— Mr. B. T. Jones, the C. F. & Y. V. yard conductor, will leave this morning for a trip to New York, Troy, Buffalo, Philadelphia and other Northern cities. In his absence Mr. George Donnell, of Greensboro, will be yard conductor.

— Miss May Tayloe, of Washington, N. C., who has been the guest of Miss Mary Jennings Bellamy the past several weeks, left yesterday for her home. Miss Tayloe is a fascinating younglady and a host of Wilmington admirers hope to welcome her as a guest again soon.

— Miss Neillie Thompson, of Fayetteville, Miss Mary Andrews, of Raleigh, and Miss Fanny MacRae, of Fayetteville, formed a pleasant party of young people on the excursion from Hope Mills Saturday. They spent the day on Wrightsville Beach, leaving at 9 o'clock Saturday night.

DIED SATURDAY NIGHT.

Mr. Hill Burgwin, at Pittsburgh, Pa. Well Known Here.

News has reached here of the death on last Saturday night of Mr. Hill Burgwin at his home in Pittsburgh, Pa. He was a brother-in-law of Mr. H. K. Nash and Col. W. L. DeRosset, of this city, and a brother of Mrs. Maria Quince and Miss Lottie Burgwin, also of this city. He was born at the "Hermitage" then owned by his father, the late G. W. B. Burgwin. He was, however, reared at Edenton, though for many years past he has been a resident of Pittsburgh, Pa.

He was about seventy-five years of age and had led a useful and honorable life as an attorney at law. He was prominent in the councils of the Episcopal Church where his opinions always commanded great respect.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

MAYOR'S COURT YESTERDAY.

Fines Imposed on Two Soldiers—Several Other Cases Tried and Others Continued Until To-day.

Mayor Wright had eleven cases on his docket yesterday at noon. Of that number four were continued until to-day. Two of those tried were against soldiers from Fort Caswell. Readers of the STAR will remember that they were arrested Saturday, one for disorderly conduct and the other for interfering with and resisting an officer. The disorderly soldier was fined $5 and the other one $20. They paid their fines late yesterday afternoon and were turned loose. In the meantime they were allowed to sit in the police headquarters instead of being locked in the city prison.

Other cases disposed of were Thomas Taylor, colored, drunk and disorderly, submitted and paid the costs; John Watson, colored, disorderly conduct, $2 and costs.

Of the cases continued until to-day George Armstrong is charged with carrying a concealed weapon and acting suspiciously; Hellen Swinson, colored, is charged with keeping a disorderly house, and Lizzie Carrol and Josie Johnson, both colored, with being inmates of a disorderly house.

OFFERED TO BRIBE A JUSTICE.

'Squire McGowan Came Near Committing a Syrian to Jail for Contempt.

A notable case was tried before 'Squire McGowan yesterday, in which Syrians were both prosecutors and defendants. The case was against Abda Shilby and the charge was disorderly conduct. Previously Shilby's wife had been convicted of disorderly conduct and made to pay the costs. What made the case before 'Squire McGowan especially notable was that Justice McGowan says F. Gidions, the principal prosecutor took, him to one side and offered to bribe him by paying him money if he would convict Abda Shilby and tax him with costs in the case. After the bribe was offered Justice McGowan declared the prosecution malicious and taxed Gidion with the costs. In fact, he started to write an order for the commitment of Gidion to jail for contempt of court, but was dissauded,

The offence charged against Abda Shilby was cursing. The evidence seems to have been that a quarrel arose between F. Gidion and Abda Shilby's wife about the latter's peddling on Ocean View beach. Gidion claimed to have paid a license of $25 for the right to peddle on the beach and objected to the woman's intruding.

During the racket Abda Shilby took a hand, called Gidion a "Shamot," which is said to be a vile epethet in the Syrean language. It was for this that the warrant was issued at the instance of Gidion.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BELLAMY.

He Is Now Making a Preliminary Canvass of the Sixth District.

John D. Bellamy, Democratic candidate for Congress, is making a preliminary canvass of the Sixth District, and has accepted invitations to speak as follows:

At a pic-nic to be given at Gibson's Station, Richmond county, Thursday, August 18th.

At Monroe, Union county (Court week), Tuesday, August 23d.

At the great Croatan basket dinner to be given at New Hope, near Pate's Station, Robeson county, Friday, August 26th.

At Lockwood's Folly, Brunswick county, at the Democratic mass convention to be held Thursday, September 1st.

MORE ROCK FOR THE FORT.

Mt. Airy Granite Will Begin to Come in Again.

It is learned on good authority that the hauling of rock over the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, which has been suspended for the last few weeks, will be resumed shortly. After completing the emplacements for the twelve-inch rifles, the government will build a number of mortar batteries for which large quantities of rock will be needed. The Mt. Airy Granite Company will furnish the rock as usual. It will be transported down the river by contract it is thought now, instead of by the government boats and scows.

Major Butler of the First Regiment.

Major George Butler, of the First Regiment of North Carolina Volunteers, now stationed at Camp Cuba Libre, was here yesterday, returning to camp after a ten days furlough spent at his home in Clinton. He said he had no idea that the First Regiment would be disbanded even though the war is over. His regiment he thought would be taken to Havana to do garrison duty.

A Fire Sunday Morning.

There was a telephone alarm of fire received at the Chemical engine house Sunday morning at 10.20 o'clock. The fire was at No. 201 South Fourth street. The fire was caused by a defective flue and did about $25.00 damage. The building was owned by Mr. C. F. Von Campen and occupied by Mr. E. P. H. Strunk.

— The regular, *bona fide* mail circulation of THE MORNING STAR is larger than the mail circulation of all other Wilmington Dailies combined.

RALEIGH NEWS BUDGET.

Logue Harris Gone to Washington—Butler En Route to Colorado—Republican Headquarters.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, August 15.—Logue Harris has gone to Washington to have the expenses incurred in the mobilization of troops paid.

Senator Butler is here on his way to Colorado and Texas to make campaign speeches.

Republican headquarters will be established here Thursday. Hyams remains here till the election.

Only twenty men are now needed to complete the First regiment of volunteers.

DE LUNATICO INQUIRENDO.

The Observer Sincerely Believes the Governor is a Lunatic.

[*Charlotte Observer.*]

The statement in yesterday morning's Raleigh correspondence, credited to Democratic State Chairman Simmons, that the impeachment of Governor Russell by the next Legislature "is a certainty," is startling; and it is added that this does not appear to be dependent upon either party, Republicans being as anxious for it as Democrats. Certainly a Legislature could do nothing more to its credit than to relieve the executive office of this wrong-headed, passionate, dreadful man, and forever disqualify him from voting and holding office. We sincerely believe he is a lunatic.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ST. JOHN'S HALL, August 16th, 1898.

Wilmington Lodge No. 319, A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR MONTHLY COMMUNICATION this (Tuesday) evening at 8.00 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome.

THOS. F. BAGLEY, Secretary.
au 16 1t

BAGGING AND TIES.

1000 Rolls Bagging.
5000 Bundles Ties.
800 Barrels Flour.
600 Bushels Meal.
3000 Bushels Corn.
10 Boxes Smoked Shoulders
100 Boxes D. S. Sides.
50 Barrels C. M. Pork.

Also, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses and other goods.

D. L. Gore,
No. 120, 122 and 124 North Water St.
jy 17 tf

Genuine Wine,
Made by Henri Pateau,
French Wine Maker.

Scuppernong Wine, 25c a quart, 5c a glass. Good Wine, just ripe: best that can be made. Frontignan, a white golden Wine, sweet or dry, resembling in flavor and taste the famous Wine of Frontignan, France, at 25c a bottle, 5c a glass. Sauterne, magnificent white pearled Wine, from bunch-grapes of the hybrid family. Resembles in color, sparkling appearance, taste and flavor the Sauterne. Its principal characteristic is its perfect quality.

au 10 1w Call at 118 South Front street.

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

The Race called for Saturday, August 13th, which was postponed on account of bad weather,

WILL BE SAILED

over the Club course

Wednesday, August 17th, at 5.00 P. M.

All boats ordered to report at Club by 4.30 P. M. au 16 1t

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 27TH, 1898.

Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.30, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M., 2.30 and 7.15 P. M.

Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M., 6 and 9.30 P. M.

On Fridays there will be two late trains up, 10 and 11.30 P. M.

The Saturday Special, leaving Wilmington at 1 P. M., and the 11.30 P. M. train from Ocean View, will be discontinued.

Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.

GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT Superintendent. je 25 tf

New Mullets.

2000 Pounds New Mullets.
100 New Picnic Cheese.
100 Bags Wheat Bran.
400 Doz. Market Baskets.
25 Barrels XXX Vinegar.
100 Cases Star Lye.
100 Cases M Lye.
120 Barrels Sugar.

W. B. Cooper,
Wholesale Grocer,
au 11 tf Wilmington, N. C.

The Unlucky Corner.

Come Quick, Before the Deal is Off. It is only

An Advertising Scheme.

10 lbs Best Granulated Sugar,.....65c
1 " J. & S. Roasted Laguyra Coffee 25c
1 " W. M. Roasted Java Coffee,....30c
1 " Mixed Tea (Good) 50c
1 doz. North Carolina Roe Herring, 25c
1 lb Clover Hill Butter (Best).....35c
$2.20

All For $1.59.

S. W. SANDERS.
jy 23 tf

FIT FOR THE KING, HONEY!

is our rich and juicy Roast Beef Joints, Steaks, Chops and everything cut from our prime and high grade meats. Once a customer always a customer here, as our daily increase in sales prove. We lead the city in Low Prices for CHOICE MEATS.

I. B. RHODES.
au 14 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HAVE

Not Made Peace.

On the contrary we are still waging

A Bitter Warfare

against high prices on

Hardware and House Furnishings.

* * Come what will, the fight is
* * going to be kept up as long
* * as we stay in the business,
* * and this means that the
* * PLACE TO BUY anything
* * in the

HARDWARE LINE

at Rock Bottom Prices is at

J. W. Murchison's,
au 16 tf ORTON BUILDING.

Provisions.

D. S. Ribs,
Plates,
Shoulders,
Hams,
Lards.

We carry large stocks, sell at Rock Bottom Prices and solicit your orders.

We are sole agents for the

Famous Brands Cigars.

Renowns,
Cuban Blossom,
Topical Twist-Heads.

If your jobber can't furnish you, we will.

Vollers & Hashagen,
Wholesale Only.
jy 31 tf Nutt Street. A. C. L. Crossing.

Barbadoes Molasses

Of Our Own Importation
Now on Hand and

New Crop to Arrive.

WE CARRY ALL GRADES,
STYLES AND PRICES.

The Worth Company.
jy 2 tf

INK PADS in all Colors and Sizes.

Our Air Cushion Dating Stamp—the latest thing out.

Aluminum Pocket Seals,
The Best Seal Press on the market, weight 11 ounces.

A Font of Rubber Type, Ink Pad and Tweezers for only 35c.

WILMINGTON STAMP WORKS,
15 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C.
Bell 'Phone 240. au 14 tf

A FINE LOT OF
Sugar Cured Hams
AT
10c Per Pound.

THE
N. C. Hams at 12 1-2c
are not quite all gone, but nearly so.

THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER,
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
jy 30 tf

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.

TELEPHONE, store 150, and residence 269.

Yours, for some of your business.

James D. Nutt, The Druggist.
my 22 tf

CAPE FEAR ACADEMY

Begins its twenty-sixth session Sept. 19. A home School, preparing thoroughly for

Business or College,

saving much expense. Its pupils rank with the best. Careful attention to each pupil. Young pupils taken.

W. Catlett,
au 12 2w 120 North Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

Store No. 108 North Water St.

Possession given at once. Also a new two-story dwelling on Chestnut near Seventh street, having all modern conveniences, including Closet and Bath. Possession given October 1st. Terms reasonable. Apply to

Morris Bear & Bro.,
au 14 tf 119 Princess street.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $80.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS.

Sixth District—John D. Bellamy, of New Hanover.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.

Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.

Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.

Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.

Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.

Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

FOR SOLICITOR.

Sixth District—Rodolph Duffy, of Onslow.

FAIR ELECTIONS.

"A free ballot and a fair count" is one of the stereotyped frauds of the Republican machine managers in this State, and has been taken up and echoed by the Populist machine managers. It is a fraudulent cry, for neither the Republican machine managers nor the Populist machine managers are honest in it or care a continental for a free ballot and a fair count provided they win.

They talk about a free ballot and a fair count in the North, too, but every one at all familiar with the conduct of elections in this country knows that the Republican machine managers have been and are notoriously corrupt, and that they hesitate at no deviltry to carry an election when it is deemed necessary to resort to deviltry. They buy the votes of the venal without the slightest scruples, and buy them openly in some States where the selling of votes is an ordinary occurrence, and where public sentiment has become somewhat callous to the shame. In all the elections that were ever held in this country from the first President to the present time there never was one that approximated in unfairness and in undisguised corruption and rascality the last one managed by that prince of crooked methods, Mark Hanna. If there had been a free ballot and a fair count in the true sense, Wm. J. Bryan would now be President of the United States and Wm. McKinley would be pursuing his customary avocation in the city of Canton. It is mockery to talk of a free ballot and a fair count when the ballot of the honest voter is nullified by the ballot of the purchased voter, for the man who sells his vote is not voting for himself but casting a ballot for another man, who thus casts ballots in proportion to the amount of money he has put in the pockets of venal voters. And thus they cast many thousands of votes for the candidates of the Republican party in the last Presidential election.

The Republican machine managers in North Carolina did not need any instruction. They caught on early for they had expert tutors in the political adventurers from the North from whom they took their first lessons and soon became adepts in deviltry. They had splendid material to work with, too, and the decided advantage of knowing the most of their material by its color. The caught the newly-made voters fresh from the plantations when they hardly knew the difference between a ballot and a barn door, and they worked them as no ballot-wielders were ever worked before in this Republic. They worked them by lying, by deception, by fraud, by corruption, by intimidation and by social and race ostracism, the last two being especially potent.

They thought the time might come when the negroes might do some thinking for themselves, might see through their trickery, get tired of their leadership, break away from them, and do some independent voting. They guarded against this by organizing secret oath-bound societies into which negroes were taken and sworn to vote the Republican ticket. They taught them that every man with negro blood in him who voted against the Republican party was a traitor to his race, and an enemy to it. So well did they succeed in this that the negro who voted the Democratic ticket did it at the peril of his life and it has happened that when sometimes a few of them would break away and vote the Democratic ticket they had to be protected by Democrats from insult and violence, and this in places where the negroes did not constitute the majority of voters. They have been voters for more than thirty years and yet that kind of intimidation is practiced today. The negro who votes an anti-Republican ticket does it at the risk of proscription, insult and violence.

But the managers resorted to the refinement of deviltry by enlisting the women as aids to control the votes of the men who might show an independent or restive disposition. The negroes are naturally fond of society. The young men are naturally fond of the society of young women. To be socially ostracized is about equivalent with them to being locked up in jail. Isolation to a negro, especially a young negro, may possibly be a little preferable to death, but not much, and that was and no doubt still is, the foredoomed fate of the negro guilty of the offence of voting an anti-Republican ticket.

It isn't easy for a stranger to understand why the negro women take such a lively interest in our elections, concerning which, of course they know even less than the men do, but if the stranger knew how the Republican managers in the past and those in the present make use of these women to control the men he would understand it very easily.

But they didn't stop with this for they entered the churches, and made them assistant agencies to carry elections for the Republican party, so that it sometimes happens that the churches, at least some of them, discuss politics about as much as they do religion when campaigns warm up.

Under these circumstances he is a nervy negro who undertakes to do his own thinking, if able to think, and break away from the white and black bosses who run the Republican machine.

We all know that there never was an election in North Carolina which approached in bold-faced villany, the last State election as managed by A. E. Holton and Co. There never was as much money corruptly used in an election nor as many colonized negroes from other States, although that has been a common practice with the Republican election managers in this State. And yet they have the monumental cheek to talk about honest elections, untampered suffrage, a free ballot and a fair count, when all their methods are directed to preventing an honest election and a free ballot and a fair count, which in view of their methods is a burlesque and a fraud.

A STRAIGHT BLACK TICKET.

Some time ago we referred to the fact that the negroes in Montgomery county, incensed at the refusal of the white machine managers to divide the county offices with them, had called a convention for the purpose of putting a straight negro ticket in the field. That convention met at Troy, the county seat, July 29th, nominated a full ticket and adopted a series of whereases and resolutions giving the reasons why, which we find published in *The Pine Leaf* of August 11th.

The whereases are seven in number, the first of which cites the fact that the colored voters of Montgomery county have been loyal to the Republican party since given the right of suffrage; second that they have repeatedly voted to elect the Republican ticket, always composed entirely of white men; third that no election has ever been held in the county when the Republican ticket could have been elected without negro votes; fourth, that they have frequently sought representation on the ticket which was dependent on them for success; fifth, that the white Republicans have absolutely refused to recognize their claims, or support any ticket on which a colored man was placed; sixth, that they are by birth and the constitution of State and Nation legal citizens of Montgomery county; seventh, that their rights as full fledged citizens not having been respected by the white voters who claim to be Republicans, they adopt five resolutions, the first of which reads thus:

"*Be it Resolved:* 1, That we, the Colored voters of Montgomery county shall recognise and support a ticket composed entirely of representatives of our own race, not that we desire to repudiate the abiding principles that are fostered by the Republicans of the State and Nation, but we do openly repudiate all the so-called Republicans who declare that they will not support a ticket that has upon it a representative of the Colored race."

The second heartily endorses the administration of President McKinley.

The third commends the action of Governor Russell in "permitting" the organization of a colored regifor the war with Spain, the only colored regiment in the United States officered by colored men.

The fourth endorses the course of Senator Pritchard and recognizes him as the leader of the Republican party in North Carolina.

The fifth endorses the proceedings of the Republican State Convention held at Raleigh.

The marrow of all these, however, is in the first resolution, which we publish in full. While commending Governor Russell for "permitting" the organization of a negro regiment officered by negroes they sat down on him by lauding Pritchard as "the leader of the Republican party" when they knew that Governor Russell didn't have any more use for Pritchard than he has for an egg-sucking dog. The warm endorsement of the action of the Republican State Convention was doubtless inspired by that racy (in several senses) speech of Congressman White (black) in which he gave his white Republican friends to understand that he was going to invite the race issue and that those of them who didn't like it could take to the woods.

Taking the preamble and resolutions as a whole they show how the colored brother is aspiring and showing his aggressiveness even in rural Montgomery county where they are few and far between compared with some other counties in the State.

CALLED DOWN.

The North Carolina State Alliance has called on John R. Smith to come down from the position as Commissioner of Agriculture, into which he was thrust by Governor Russell after he had demonstrated his incompetency and unfitness for the position of superintendent of convicts.

Of course John R. Smith has no idea of complying with this request or demand, for he is not thinking half as much of the estimation in which he is held by the farmers of the State as he is of the emoluments of the job which Governor Russell gave him when he wanted to get him out of the penitentiary and had to make a berth for him somewhere.

If Governor Russell had the slightest respect for the farmers he would never have placed Smith in the Agricultural Department after the ugly record he had made as penitentiary superintendent, and if Smith had the respect for himself that he should have had he wouldn't have permitted himself to be bounced around in that way, and forced to swap a $2,500 job for an $1,800 one. But it is said that there was an understanding that the difference in salary was to be made good by some slight-of-hand performance that the public couldn't see through.

He will not come down, of course, unless "something equally as good" can be found for him, and that something isn't in sight; so that the Alliance will have to content itself with thus putting on record its opinion of the discredited ex-penitentiary official that Governor Russell thrust upon the farmers of the State.

MINOR MENTION.

The large reduction in the death rate, from 103 per day to 37 in Santiago, since the establishment of sanitary regulations by General Wood, shows what may be done in the way of improving the sanitary condition of Cuba, where one of the principal causes of disease and mortality has been the disregard of the laws of health, which permitted the accumulation of the filth of ages in soil but poorly drained and dependent almost entirely on the summer rains for surface cleansing. In cities like Santiago and Havana the soil has become saturated with offensive matter, and the result is polluted water if it be taken from the earth. Thus the harbors which are shallow and where there is but little tide-flow have become the receptacles of the inwashed garbage and filth of centuries, which even the salt of the ocean cannot neutralize, and hence care is taken in navigating vessels in these harbors to disturb the reeking mass at the bottom as little as possible. It will take time to remedy these conditions, but it will be done, and we venture to believe that before many years, under modern sanitation, the so-called pest cities of Cuba will be as free from fatal epidemics as our Gulf cities have been made, or as the cities in Porto Rico are.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtain, Plainfield, Ill., makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefitted from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own housework, and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Large bottles 50 cents and $1.00. †

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhœa, accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief we sent for a physician, and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days, and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours, and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was recommended, and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about, and it is now perfectly healthy.—C. L. BOGGS, Stumptown, Gilmer county, W. Va. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Greensboro *Record:* John Greeson, a colored man living near Pomona, was killed Friday night at 9.20 o'clock by engine No. 158 of the Southern Railway near the end of the south switch, not a great distance from Pomona. A flagman on the engine said he deliberately walked up on the tract not more than a car length from the engine when it was moving and of course it was impossible to stop.

— Greensboro *Telegram:* Capt. S. C. Dodson received a telegram Saturday from Jacksonville announcing the sad death of Chase Adams of the "Queen City Guards," now in the First regiment at that place. The telegram was from Corporal Adams' father, Mr. Peter H. Adams, and requested Captain Dodson to make preparations for his son's funeral and burial. He will be buried in Green Hill cemetery.

— Lenoir *Topic:* A Miss Hoyle, in the Rippetoe neighborhood, attempted to commit suicide on Thursday of last week by taking laudanum. She took two ounces of the drug and threw the bottle away so that her folks might not know what she had done, thus hoping that she might not be prevented from her purpose of "slipping off this mortal coil." Dr. D. W. Griffin was called in and succeeded in bringing her around all right. Despondency, brought about by some misunderstanding with her lover, was the cause.

— Concord *Times:* Last Thursday Miss Effie Misenheimer, of Mount Pleasant, came out to visit her sister, Mrs. M. L. Buchanan. In less than an hour after her arrival she missed $55 from her pocket book. A colored girl, Meta Miller, who stayed at Sheriff Buchanan's, was suspected, but bitterly denied taking the money. Some time later $30 of the money was found loose in Miss Misenheimer's valise. The colored girl was told that she must get the balance of the money, and when she supposed no one was looking got the other $25 from behind the grate. The girl's father, Paul Miller, gave her a good thrashing.

— Asheboro *Courier:* W. J. Baldwin, of White House, raised 160 bushels of oats on three and one-third acres of land. There were only three and one-third bushels of oats sowed. Mr. Baldwin raised over 500 bushels of wheat and oats this year. —— A negro named Joe Scott entered the residence of Mr. S. W. Swaim at Randleman on Wednesday night of last week and stole $30, a watch and some clothes. The negro came to Asheboro and exhibited a 20 dollar bill in payment for a pistol which he purchased at Lassiter's Hardware store. He loaned L. W. Allred at Randleman six dollars. The thief was caught at High Point and after having a preliminary trial at Randleman was lodged in jail here on last Friday. Seventeen dollars of the money was recovered. The negro confessed the crime on the trial.

TWINKLINGS.

— She—"Do you play whist?" He—"No; I sometimes work at it."—*Chicago News.*

— His Nephew—"Do you like mint juleps better than cocktails, uncle?" The Colonel—"You youngsters do ask me some hard questions!"—*Puck.*

— Midnight Philosophy: She "John, I'm sure there's a burglar down stairs!" He—"Well, we can tell by examing the silverware in the morning!"—*Puck.*

— Her Mistake—Anna—"She refused him, as she thought that he would propose again." Jane—"And did he?" Anna—"Oh, yes. But it was to another girl."—*Life.*

— Young Doctor—"Patient out here wants to be operated on for appendicitis, but I don't believe he can stand it." Old Doctor—"Well, I suppose we can operate on him for something cheaper."—*Detroit Journal.*

— "This is the parlor, eh?" tentatively remarked the real estate agent, who was looking over the house. "Yes," replied the old man Kidder; "but I usually call in the courtroom. I've got several daughters, you know."—*Harper's Bazar.*

— A Distinction—"Isn't that new neighbor of yours rather eccentric?" inquired the commercial traveler. "No," answered one of the village's prominent citizens. "He ain't rich enough to be called 'eccentric.' He's just a plain crank."—*Washington Star.*

— A Proposition: First Summer Girl—"I liked George at first, but I've become tired of him." Second Summer Girl—"Yes? That has been exactly my experience with Harry!" First Summer Girl—"Indeed? Why can't we arrange an exchange of prisoners?"—*Puck.*

— Landlady of the tea gardens at Hampstead, on the eve of a bank holiday, to her daughter, who is kneading dough for a cake—"Maria, you'd better put a couple of eggs and a bit of butter into the cake. It looks as if we were going to have a wet holiday, and we may have to eat it ourselves."

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Alger can now tell Wade's boys that it was Miles, and not he, that spoiled their Porto Rico pleasure trip. It won't hurt Miles, he is not a politician.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— Stephen A. Douglas has taken himself out of the Republican party. It has been some time since the Republican party has had so many pounds of desertion in one lump.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Secretary Long's defence of Admiral Sampson would not have been necessary if Sampson had shown a broader spirit in his attitude towards Schley. Sampson is no doubt a good officer, but it is hardly possible to make a great man out of a narrow man.—*Louisville Dispatch, Dem.*

—— The big steamers recently chartered and purchased by the Government are about all this country can boast in the way of transport ships. They are also the most costly portion of the auxiliary navy. Yet it would be mighty poor economy to let these vessels go. Uncle Sam's need of transport ships will last for many a long day to come.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

Brunswick County Democratic Convention.

The Democrats of Brunswick are requested to meet in County Convention at Lockwood's Folly on Thursday, the first day of September, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of nominating county candidates, electing an Executive Committee—five active Democrats for each precinct—Chairman of County Executive Committee and delegates to Senatorial Convention. All who have heretofore affiliated with other parties and intend to support the Democratic nominees are cordially invited to meet with us.

By order of the County Executive Committee. D. B. MCNEILL, August 6, 1898. Chairman.

REVENGE OF PIZEN GULCH.

It Was Two Weeks Late, but When It Came No Apaches Were Left.

"The man who said that 'the only good Indian was a dead Indian' was erbout as near right as men get," remarked Colonel Ham Sploggett of Arizona the other evening as he wrestled with a mint smash, "and if any man oughter know what he's talking erbout in them matters I guess it's me. I went to Arizony a mighty long time ago. Them darned Apaches wuz erbout as onery as eny sort of Indians, and not a day passed but what we fellers down to Pizen Gulch heard erbout men losing their scalps and women and children being butchered like forty, the news coming from way out on the frontier. I wuz sorter getting a grip on Arizony jass then, and I didn't want to lose it, so I jess staid away from the line and tended ter business with one eye open. We had ter get out and hustle, however. Indians wuz getting more rampageous every day, and finally a band of the measly, murdering robbers rid inter a small settlement erbout 50 miles from the Gulch and killed every soul thar, not leaving one to tell the tale. This riled the boys at the Gulch, and we thought the time had come to do something. Two hours after we got the news we wuz out for biz. We rode away, and an hour afore sundown we reached the place whar the settlement had been. Waal, sir, I've seen many odd sights in my life, but that little settlement wuz erbout the saddest thing that ever met these old eyes not so old then neither. Ashes showed whar some cabins had stood, and thar, too, could be seed what remained of home things, and jess on the outskirts of the settlement we found the bodies of the folks what had formed the peaceful village.

"Men, women and children alike had gone to satisfy the awful greed for blood. They had been dragged together, and the bodies—must have been erbout 20 of them—wuz piled in a terrible heap, mutilated and horrible to look at. The saddest sight of it all wuz the form of a little baby. The small critter wuz lying on the breast of a woman, maybe its mother, and its little fists wuz fastened in the long hair that wuz all tangled and flowinglike. At fust I thought it wuz sleeping, but it wuzn't. It wuz dead, and a little round, black hole right in the middle of its forehead showed whar the bullet had done its work. Thar it wuz, a monument of Indian ferocity, and the poor little limbs of the baby wuz cuddled up and its white face wuz smiling jest as though death had caught it while it wuz looking right inter its mother's eyes. The sight of that little one thar, naked to the skies, made the grim look on the faces of the boys jess kinder deepen-like until they seemed desperate and deadly. We left the place without a word, but when we crept up on the band what did the work we paid them back to the death, even if it wuz two weeks later. Them wuz bad days, I tell you.—Mexico Two Republics.

The Pianist's Left Hand.

There is no reason why the left hand of the amateur should not be as well trained, so far as the training goes, as that of the artist. It should from the first start be compelled to obey the emotions, the intellect and the will. A great deal of time is wasted in the pianist's musical education by practicing as much with the stronger hand as with the weaker, precisely as it is wasted by practicing as much with the stronger as with the weaker fingers. In both cases the stronger continually increases in strength, while the gap between this and the weaker does not lessen.

Trashy piano music, with thin harmonies, gives the lion's share of what effort it necessitates to the right hand, while of the left is required but a feeble thrumming. All good, well written music, whether difficult or easy, makes equal demands on both hands. The faithful teacher should see to it that the student does such music justice by training the left hand to equal skill with the right. Where an instinctive preference is shown for the left the right must be the more carefully drilled, but in this instance, as has been shown, the student is at a certain advantage.—Harper's Bazar.

The Miller of Gheel.

You have heard the story of the miller of Gheel? He is represented as a kind of Belgian "Wise Man of Gotham." He set up two windmills in the same lot, and he reflected that there would not be wind enough in one lot for two windmills, and so he had one of the mills removed.—Hezekiah Butterworth in Harper's Magazine.

Too Expensive.

London Merchant—Do you pension the clerks who grow gray in your service?

Chicago Dealer—Nope; couldn't. The way we do business, that happens every few days.—Brooklyn Life.

A Clever Scheme.

First Bicycle Crank—No, I never carry an extra ounce of weight on my machine—not even a tool bag.

Second Ditto—But suppose you break down on the road and have no tools?

First B. C.—Oh, that's easily arranged! I carry my tools in my pocket.—Nuggets.

The Best Remedy for Flux.

Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and have the pleasure of stating that the half of one bottle cured me." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist. †

The Rev. W. B. Costley, of Stockbridge, Ga. while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, that State, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Why Tess Was Made to Die.

The influence of surroundings and environment over the well being of people of the artistic temperament is well known, and so, too, is their effect on the imagination.

A remarkable instance of this is furnished by a case of Mr. Thomas Hardy, who always makes a point of visiting and even living in the places which he describes in his novels, so as to be sure of the accuracy of the local color.

In speaking of "Tess of the D'Urbervilles," that novel which has had such success in spite of its sad ending, he recently said to a friend, 'If it hadn't been such a dreadful day when I visited Stonehenge, it is probable that I shouldn't have decided Tess must die."

That decision once made was irrevocable, although, while the story was appearing in serial form, Mr. Hardy received dozens of letters from interested correspondents who foresaw the trend of fate and who begged him in spite of it to make the story end happily.—Strand Magazine.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters; and to my great joy and surprise, the first bottle made decided improvement. I continued their use for several weeks, and am now a well man. I know they aved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cts. per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		8½@	7
Standard		7 @	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ℔ ℔	12	@	12½
Sides, ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders, ℔ ℔		@	7
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ℔ ℔		@	6½
Shoulders, ℔ ℔		@	5½
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 30
New City, each		@	1 10
BEESWAX, ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	51
Virginia Meal		@	51
COTTON TIES, ℔ bundle		@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream		@	11
State	10½	@	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	9
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ half-bbl.	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel		@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel		@	5 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	4 25	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 25
Choice		@	3 80
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent		@	5 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White		@	53½
Car load, in bags—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	90	@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green		@	8
Dry		@	19
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Clover Hay	80	@	85
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern		@	90
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾	@	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	7
North Carolina	5	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	28
Barbadoes in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	26
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	13	@	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40	@	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	11 00	@	11 50
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	70	@	75
American	70	@	75
On 120 ℔ Basis		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd		@	5½
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		3½@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	5 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	8 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress, wood ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
6x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	6 50
Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Unwashed	9	@	15

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Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston. Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 15.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nothing doing.

ROSIN.—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl for Strained and $1.05 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.20 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.10 per barrel for Hard $1.60 for Dip, and $1.60 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm, 25½c, 25c; rosin quiet, $1.20, $1.25; tar quiet, $1.15; crude turpentine quiet, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	68
Rosin	307
Tar	160
Crude Turpentine	35

Receipts same day last year.—193 casks spirits turpentine, 571 bbls rosin, 224 bbls tar, 61 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market dull on a basis of 5½c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 1-16 cts. ℔ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅜ " "
Low Middling	5 1-16 " "
Middling	5½ " "
Good Middling	5¾ " "

Same day last year, middling 7⅜c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 75c; Fancy, 75c; Spanish, 70@90c.

CORN.—Firm; 52½@55 cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE.—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON.—Steady; hams, 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES.—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to $3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to $6.50.

TIMBER.—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Money on call steadier at 1¼@2 per cent., last loan being at 1¾ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¼@4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady; actual business in bankers' bills 485½@485¾ for demand and 484@484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486@486½. Commercial bills 483@483¼. Silver certificates 58¼@59½. Bar silver 59¾. Mexican dollars 46. Government bonds steady; U.S. new 4's, registered, 127¼@128¼; do. coupon, 127½@128¼; U. S. 4's 111½@112¼; do. coupon, 111¾@112¼; U.S. 2's, 97; U.S. 5's, registered, 112@113; do. 5's, coupon, 112@113. State bonds N. C. 6's 125; 4's 103½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 35. Spirits turpentine steady at 29@29½.

CHARLESTON, August 15.—Spirits turpentine firm at 26½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, August 15.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27c; sales of 102 casks; receipts 909 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,977 barrels; receipts 5,027 barrels; A, B, C, D $1 00, E $1 05, F $1 15, G $1 30, H, I $1 40, K $1 45, M $1 50, N $1 75; window glass $1 90, water white $2 45.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 15.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices showing a loss of three to seven points on lower Liverpool cables, local speculators selling and further small liquidation by tired holders. The weakness was also due to more unfavorable weather conditions in the cotton belt. Another weak feature was a report that Neill had a bearish crop report on hand. Selling was only checked by the low prices at which good cotton was already selling and a belief that a large short interest already exists. During the afternoon the market ruled dull and steady, with no new features of special importance, and the trading was entirely local. The final tone was easy, with prices showing a net loss of nine to eleven points.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 6c.

Cotton futures closed easy; August 5.65c, September 5.66c, October 5.70c, November 5.71c, December 5.75c, January 5.78c, February 5.82c; March 5.86c, April 5.89c, May 5.92c.

Spot cotton closed easier; middling uplands 6c; middling gulf 6¼c; sales 1,350 bales.

Net receipts — bales; gross receipts 57 bales; exports to Great Britain 200 bales; exports to France 21 bales; exports to the Continent 1,256 bales; forwarded 57 bales; sales 1,350 bales; sales to spinners 115 bales; stock (actual) 75,115 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 333 bales; exports to Great Britain 200 bales; exports to France 21 bales; exports to the Continent 1,256 bales; stock 212,020 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 3,227 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,526 bales; exports to France 21 bales; exports to the Continent 5,883 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,524,262 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,493,773 bales; exports to France 815,329 bales; exports to the Continent 2,989,215 bales.

Aug. 15.—Galveston, quiet at 5

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* [signature] *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the and has the signature of wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

March 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher, M. D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"
BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

RAISED THE COOK'S WAGES.

For He Had to Preserve His Wife's Confidence In His Capableness.

There is nothing in all the world that I admire so much as a really capable man. A friend of mine has married one, and I am quite sure he can do all that does become a man and a few other things that are not entirely becoming. He and his wife—somehow one always thinks of them in that order—moved into a new house. The upper floor was to be left uncarpeted and was to be oiled. The wife suggested having a man from the furniture store to do it, but the capable man scoffed at the idea; oiling a floor was just as easy as rolling off a log. He'd attend to it himself. The wife went out of town for a few days, and one afternoon the capable man came home early with a can of prepared oil finish and a brush. He went up stairs and whistled gayly. When the cook went up later, the hall was a neatly oiled desert, with a narrowing unoiled oasis in the middle. The capable man was in the oasis. There were sundry spots on the new wall paper, but the capable man said they'd dry off. The cook went down stairs, and presently there was a loud noise, a sliding noise and a falling noise from up stairs, together with a savage yell and some remarks that even cooks don't care to repeat. The wife came home a few days afterward. The husband met her at the station. He was wearing brand new trousers. The wife ascended to the upper hall. It was neatly carpeted with a new carpet and the walls had a new paper dado.

"Why!" she exclaimed. "I thought you were going to oil it."

"I decided that a bare floor would be noisy," answered the capable man. "It always looks cheap."

"And the dado?" answered the wife.

"Wasn't it a good idea?" answered the capable man. "It gives the hall such an air, you know."

The cook has had her wages raised, but then a man must preserve his wife's confidence at any price, you know.—Washington Post.

Beware of Imitations

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Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

HER TITIAN HAIR.

In warm soft waves of gold and brown,
Above her forehead saintly fair,
Ripples in sweet abandon down
Her Titian hair.

Methinks that little head of hers
A Tuscan artist well might dare,
And worthy of a better verse
Her Titian hair.

Were I a painter I would frame
For coming time one canvas rare,
On which should glow above my name
Her Titian hair.

Or better name and fame to miss
Than find their semblance otherwhere.
Were I her lover I would kiss
Her Titian hair.

—Abbie F. Judd in Time and the Hour.

IRVING AND BOOTH.

The English Actor's Generous Treatment of the American.

In The Century there is an article on "Edwin Booth In London," by E. H. House. In speaking of Irving's action in appearing with Booth at the Lyceum Mr. House says:

Looking at all the possibilities of the case, I hold to the opinion now, as I did then, that Irving risked more than people supposed—more, it may be, than he himself took into full reckoning. I will not further enlarge upon what might have happened to his disadvantage. As to his hope of gain, what was it? He could win approval for extending a consoling hand to a distinguished brother actor and helping him to recover some of the equanimity he had lost through untoward circumstances, he could commend himself to the good will of the American public and set up a particular claim to its cordiality in case he should visit the United States, and he could identify himself and his establishment with a Shakespearean representation of uncommon nearness to perfection. I do not see that there was anything else to his side of the account. He certainly was not so weak as to imagine he would outshine Booth and add to his own reputation at the other's expense. Pecuniary benefit was out of the question. The profits of the combination could not be larger than those of the regular Lyceum performances at ordinary prices.

There might be a certain pleasure in "taking the chances" of so novel an enterprise. But Irving was not the sort of man to whom the excitement of a gambling operation would be especially alluring. There is no evidence that he was moved by a single unworthy impulse. Though the trip to America may have been in his mind, it does not follow that he was sordidly influenced by expectations of a material recompense for his hospitality. I doubt indeed if he could have formed any conception in advance of the acknowledgment in store for him. Few Englishmen can understand without convincing testimony how intensely responsive to a generosity the American people are. Charles Reade knew it by intuition, as he seemed to know many other things which he had never learned by experience. Irving's knowledge came later.

If he was actuated by selfishness of any kind, it was on behalf of his theater, to maintain the supremacy of which was always one of his dearest objects. An actor who is also a manager may care as much for the character of the productions at his house as for the personal elevation. Booth had once been thus inspired and had lost a fortune because he was more ambitious for the beautiful edifice he had created than for himself. To have it recorded that the most brilliant Shakespearean illustration of the day had been given under his auspices and within his own walls was doubtless worth more to Irving than any calculation of present or future remuneration—more probably than any renown he could hope to win by the impersonation of Iago, which he was preparing with diligent study.

One Honest Husband.

A society man, middle aged and handsome, who was married not so long ago, was asked by his wife why he had allowed himself to become 38 years old before he centered his affections upon any woman long enough to marry her.

"Well," he answered reluctantly, "it was this way: No man was ever so susceptible as I am. My whole family was kept on the alert to prevent my marriage before I was 18. I simply fell heels over head in love with every girl I met.

"My father grew tired of circumventing my matrimonial tendencies and put me out on the road. My territory covered the whole western continent. Two consecutive days were never permitted to pass without my receiving a telegram to move on.

"I never suspected but that I was doing an enormous business, and insisted at intervals on having my salary raised. I would no sooner get on friendly terms with a lady than along would come that notice to keep going. At last I tired of the endless chase, insisted on becoming stationary for a time and came here to run a branch establishment. You know, dear, that we were engaged in two weeks."

"And was it more than a dozen girls that you were in love with before you met me?"

"Hundreds of them."

"What a good thing I didn't know!"—St. Louis Republic.

Echoes of "After the Ball."

There is one man in the United States who has a device stamped on his letter paper for which he is not beholden to any musty ancestor, a device which will doubtless be emblazoned on his coat of arms if we ever set up a college of heraldry. His name is Harris and he lives in Milwaukee. You will know what Harris I mean when I say that he has stamped on the left hand corner of his letter paper a ball, in bright red, with a frantic little goblin, also red, running after it as hard as he can. "After the Ball" is the motto, and the man who writes on the paper is the Charles Harris who wrote the song of that name, a song which has made him such a fortune that nowadays he doesn't sell his songs to publishers, but has a music publishing house all his own, from which he issues only his own compositions. The device is decidedly decorative and will look well on a coat of arms.—Washington Post.

GALLANT GORDONS.

THE FAMOUS FIGHTING BATTALION OF THE BRITISH ARMY.

The Part Played In Recruiting by a Beautiful Duchess—Some Brilliant Battle Deeds Recalled by the Taking of Malakand Pass.

For centuries the name of Gordon has been associated with gallantry and strife. From the time of the fierce border feuds when

The Gordons gude in English blue
They dipped their hose and shoon,

the claymore of the Gordon has not rusted in its scabbard.

The origin of the Gordons is lost in the haze of unreliable history, but certain it is that one family of the "gay and gallant Gordons," emigrating from the borders, obtained a grant of territory in Aberdeenshire, afterward created into a dukedom. Then followed an important date in military history, the year 1794, when the Duke of Gordon, principally through the efforts of his mother, the duchess, raised the Gordon highlanders—now the Second battalion—a regiment which has added so much luster to the glory of British arms. Dressed in a striking highland bonnet the beautiful duchess rode through the lands of her retainers, calling on and coaxing the young men to rally round the Gordon banner. She attended the county fairs, and, placing a shilling between her lips, invited the "gallants" to advance. Consequently a regiment over a thousand strong paraded in the castle gate of Aberdeen one June day in 1794. Named the Gordon highlanders and numbered 100, this regiment was afterward known as the Ninety-second and nowadays as the Second battalion.

Passing through London, where they were inspected by King George, the Gordon highlanders created the greatest admiration and curiosity. In the same year they moved to Gibraltar, where they were presented with their colors in 1794. Four years afterward saw them in Ireland, and, having quelled the rebellion there, they proceeded to Holland, as the Dutch found to their cost in a few days. Swooping down on the lines of Egmont-op-Zee, they routed the stubborn Dutchmen at the point of the bayonet. This fiercely contested victory is a unique one in military history, for the battle was fought bayonet versus bayonet.

Next we find the Gordons covering themselves with glory on the bloody field of Mandora, in Egypt, under Sir Ralph Abercrombie, and for their prowess the sphinx was added to their colors, with the superscription, "Egypt." After Trafalgar the Gordons appeared in London, where they attended the funeral of Nelson. Passing by their short service in Denmark, we come to the peninsular war—a war closely identified with the heroic deeds of the Ninety-second. From beginning to end of this fearful struggle the Gordons bore a leading part, over and over again calling forth high praise from the Duke of Wellington. Without taking into account the comparatively minor battles in which the Gordons constantly distinguished themselves by brilliant charging, the roll of fame is large enough indeed, for on the colors are the well known names of the peninsular battles. Foremost comes Corunna, where Sir John Moore was carried off the field by six Gordon highlanders. To this day the officers of the regiment wear black cord round the collars of their tunics in memory of that fatal field.

Following these is Waterloo. Before the Gordons took part in this historic battle they fought well and bravely at Quatre Bras, where they lost many men, among whom was the gallant Colonel Cameron. At Waterloo the part taken by the Gordons has been immortalized by the picture, "Scotland Forever." The undaunted highlanders, cut down to 200 men by the murderous fire, charged in their old style a French column of more than 2,000 men. As they broke into it the Scots Greys, the famous Scottish cavalry regiment, dashed up to their support. The Gordons, grasping the manes and stirrups of the charging cavalry, were dragged into the midst of their enemies, shouting the cry, "Scotland forever!" By this terrible charge the French column was completely broken up and scattered. To this day the brotherly feeling, commenced on the field of battle, still continues, the Gordons being known in the army as "the Scots Greys' wives." After the peninsula the regiment served in Jamaica, where a monument records the terrible ravages of yellow fever among its ranks. They arrived in the Crimea the day Sevastopol fell, the Russians, as some say, having heard that the Gordons were coming. After this practically no war service was seen by them until the outbreak of the Afghan war of 1878. In this campaign they took part in General Roberts' famous march from Kabul to Kandahar, at both of which places a terrific battle was fought, the Gordons losing many men. In 1881 the Gordons stood their ground on the ill fated Majuba hill, and from this date their career has been merged in that of the gallant Seventy-fifth, now the First battalion of the regiment.

The Seventy-fifth have had a most checkered career. Raised originally in 1787 as the Seventy-fifth Stirlingshire regiment of highlanders, they wore the kilt for 20 years, but owing to the lack of Scottish recruits they reverted to the ordinary dress of the infantry of the line. In 1881, when the short service system came into vogue, the Seventy-fifth once more donned the kilt as the First battalion of the Gordon highlanders, and as such was the first regiment to land in Egypt, taking part in the charge of the highland brigade at Tel-el-Kebir. They served with brilliancy—particularly at El Teb and Tamai—throughout the Sudan campaign and Nile expedition of 1884-5. Moving to Ceylon the Seventy-fifth were soon again in India. They served with distinction in the Chitral campaign, taking the Malakand pass with a brilliant charge, and once more they have proved at Dargai Kotal that a Gordon is as good as—a Gordon.—Black and White.

Delicious Peanut Nougat.

To make peanut nougat, brush square pans lightly with oil and cover the bottoms thickly with shelled peanuts. Put a pound of sugar and a half pint of water into a saucepan. Add as much cream of tartar as you can hold on the point of a knife. Stir until the sugar is dissolved. Wipe down the sides of the pan and allow the sirup to boil carefully until it begins to turn a light straw color. Take it from the fire quickly and sink the bottom of the pan into another of cold water. This is to stop the boiling instantly and prevent the sugar from browning. Pour this carefully over the peanuts and stand it away to harden. One pound of sugar should be quite enough to cover two pounds of peanuts. This candy may be changed by using walnuts, almonds, pecans or mixed nuts.—Mrs. S. T. Rorer in Ladies' Home Journal.

When Women First Voted.

It is not a generally known fact that the first place in this country where women were permitted to vote was at Newark, N. J. This occurred in 1807, and the Philadelphia Times thinks that, if the facts chronicled in Gordon's "History and Chronicles of New Jersey" be true, that experiment would not lead a pessimist to believe in woman's efficacy as an agent to purify the ballot. Here is what he says about that famous event: "An election in 1807, for determining the location of the courthouse, is still remembered by the inhabitants as the most exciting recorded in their annals. The contest was between Newark and Day's Hill. By a construction given to the state constitution, the women were then suffered to vote, and they seem to have been so delighted with this privilege of exercising their wills that they were unwilling to circumscribe it within the legal limit, many ladies voting, we are told, seven or eight times under various disguises."

She Was Too Natural.

At last the young woman who had been haunting the theatrical manager's office was to be given a chance.

"I want you to play the part of a divorcee," explained the manager.

"Oh!" she exclaimed, and there was so much disappointment in her tone that he noticed it.

"What's your objection to it?" he asked.

"Why, to tell you the truth," she answered, "I was in hopes you would give me a part that would require some acting. What's the use of going on the stage just to be natural?"

As might have been surmised from her ambition, she was one of them.—Chicago Post.

FASCINATION OF FOIBLES.

Little Frailties May Make the Possessor of Them More Lovable.

"No man is sincerely and securely loved except by those who know his foibles," says Sir Arthur Helps. Rousseau qualifies his recognition of faults in his old friend Gauffrecourt by the surmise that without them he would probably have been less amiable. In no works is this better exemplified than in those of Charles Dickens. "When I know all the foibles a man has, with little trouble in the discovery, I begin to think he is worth liking." And of Dickens' father, and his notable Micawberisms of speech and demeanor, he declares that no one could know him without liking him the better for them. No one likes Micawber less for his follies, and Dickens liked his father better the more he recalled his whimsical qualities.

One of the notable examples of the fact that foibles may rather endear than estrange is in Oliver Goldsmith. The epithet so often heard and ever in kindly tones of "Poor Goldsmith" speaks volumes. Writing of him, Washington Irving says that when eminent talent is united to spotless virtue we are awed and dazzled into admiration, but our admiration is apt to be cold, while there is something in the harmless infirmities of a good and great but erring nature that pleads touchingly with ours. Irving is persuaded that few who consider the real compound of admirable and whimsical qualities which formed Goldsmith's character would wish to prune away its eccentricities, trim its grotesque luxuriance and clip it down to the decent formalities of rigid virtue.

"Let not his frailties be remembered," said Johnson. "He was a very great man." Washington Irving would rather say, "Let them be remembered, since their chief end was to endear."

Oliver Wendell Holmes asserts that we must have a weak spot in any character before we can love it much. "People that do not laugh or cry or take more of anything than is altogether good for them or use any but dictionary words may be admirable subjects for biographies. But we don't always care most for those flat pattern flowers that press best in the herbarium."

The most nonexacting and most indulgent cannot perhaps fail to find some faults in the nearest and best friends. But in not a few cases foibles are even the strengtheners of regard.—Exchange.

A Great Smoke.

A gentleman well known in turf circles made a curious wager in the year 1860, in which he backed himself to smoke one pound weight of strong foreign regalias within 12 hours. The conditions were that the cigars should be smoked one at a time to within an inch of the end, the backer of time, as in the case of some pigeon matches, finding the weeds.

The match was decided on a Thames steamer plying between London and Chelsea, the smoker taking up a position well forward in the bows, where he caught the force of all the breeze that was blowing. The cigars ran 100 to the pound, so that about eight an hour had to be consumed to win the wager. A start was made at 10 o'clock in the morning, and the affair was finished shortly after 7 in the evening.

In the course of 9 hours and 20 minutes 86 cigars were fairly smoked, the greatest number consumed being in the second hour, when the smoker disposed of no fewer than 16. At the eighty-sixth cigar, when 14 only remained to be smoked, the backer of time gave in, finding that the smoker was certain to win, and the latter puffed the remainder away at his leisure in the course of the same evening.—Strand Magazine.

Sleeplessness.

Sleeplessness brought about by nervous excitement, mental strain or overwork can be cured by a harmless home remedy, which anybody can easily test. Simply take a moist towel, fold it up and place it across the neck. For sleeplessness of nervous people who suffer from cold feet while the head is hot there is no better remedy than to rub the legs, and particularly the feet, briskly with a brush or a rough towel. This will benefit the circulation, and a sort of tired feeling is the result, which soon produces sleep. Drugs cannot be used successfully for either of these forms of sleeplessness, while the local application of water will almost unexceptionally give immediate relief.—Philadelphia Ledger.

London Streets.

If any one were to undertake to walk, one way only, through all the streets of London, he would be obliged to go a distance of 2,600 miles, or as far as it is across the American continent from New York to San Francisco. This will give an idea of the distance one will have to go to see thoroughly even the greater part of the city of London—the largest city in the world.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

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For nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins Sept. 3d.
JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal,
au 7 tf* Salem, North Carolina.

Foreclosure.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by W. C. Craft and wife Jennie L. C. Craft and Thos. C. Craft and Lucy C. Craft to John D. Bellamy, recorded in Book No. 22, pages 381, 382, 383 of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned as attorney, will on Monday, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, two certain tracts described in said mortgage. First, that lot in the State and county above named and City of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Princess street 66 feet east of the eastern line of Eighth street, running thence along said line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet, thence south and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning.

Also a Lot in the said city beginning at the northeastern intersection of Eighth and Princess streets, runs thence east with the eastern line of Princess street 66 feet, thence north and parallel with Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with Princess street 66 feet to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence south along Eighth street 165 feet to the beginning. Both tracts being in Block 185. W. B. McKOY,
au 11 30t Attorney.

FORECLOSURE.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER,

By virtue of a power of sale contained in two certain Mortgage Deeds made by W. C. Craft and wife, Jennie C. Craft, to the Mechanic's Home Association, duly recorded in Book 19, page 632, et. seq., and the other in Book No. 20, page 108, et seq., of the records of New Hanover county, the undersigned attorney will on Wednesday, August 31st, 1898, at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door of the county aforesaid, sell at public auction for cash, all the undivided interest of W. C. Craft and wife in the land conveyed in said mortgages—as by reference to said mortgages will fully appear—in the following described tract of land in the said State and county, and city of Wilmington, and in Block No. 185, according to the present official plan, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning in the northern line of Princess street, at a point 66 feet east of its intersection with the eastern line of Eighth street, thence running eastwardly along the northern line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence north and parallel with the said line of Eighth street 165 feet, thence west and parallel with the said line of Princess street sixty-six (66) feet, thence south and parallel with the said line of Eighth street one hundred and sixty-five (165) feet to the beginning. W. B. McKOY,
Attorney for the Mechanic's Home Association. au 9 30t

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

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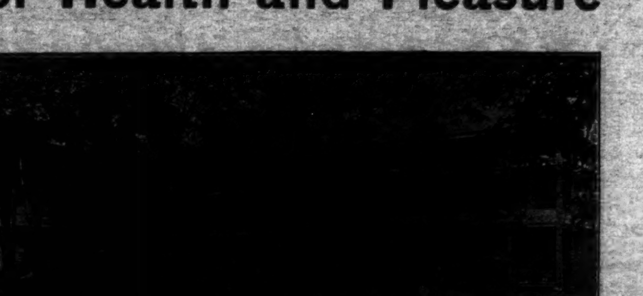

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CHARMING CUISINE,
Rates Reasonable, Superb Service,
THIRTEEN SPRINGS.

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10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

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The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

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Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.
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W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

FOR SALE.
Desirable Tract of Land
Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad,

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Strawberries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

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THE MORNING STAR,
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One Nicely Furnished Room, suitable for one or two young men, with or without board. Apply to 116 Dock street, or to 11 South Front street. jy 31 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.,
Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, Providential, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,
Yours, Respectfully, &c.,
CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address
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Flour, Coffee, Meal,
Corn, Oats, Hay,
MEAT, &c.
AND GET
BOTTOM PRICES.

D. McEACHERN,
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SEABOARD AIR LINE — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 29, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:15 p.m., Pembroke 5:35 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6.53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9 20 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:50 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m. leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:33 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m, Lincolnton 10:35 a. m., Shelby 11:37 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:50 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 5:10 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a. m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9.05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m, Lumberton 9:53 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:56 p. m., Charlotte 8:28 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:02 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:20 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:40 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

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JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule

In Effect July 3rd, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	8 30 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	11 40 "
Leave Fayetteville	11 50 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 54 "
Leave Sanford	1 08 P. M.
Leave Climax	3 10 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 40 "
Leave Greensboro	3 50 "
Leave Stokesdale	4 37 "
Leave Walnut Cove	5 07 "
Leave Rural Hall	5 36 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	7 00 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 45 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 09 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 36 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 30 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 49 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 52 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 02 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 05 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8 00 A. M
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 20 "

CONNECTIONS:

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
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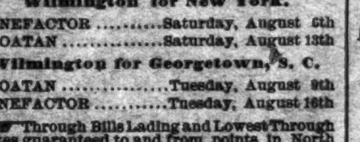

New York for Wilmington.
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 6th
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for New York.
BENEFACTOR ....Saturday, August 6th
CROATAN ....Saturday, August 13th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
CROATAN ....Tuesday, August 9th
BENEFACTOR ....Tuesday, August 16th

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LIQUID CREALEUM.

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ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect July 28, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:05 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:31 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:05 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m. Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:26 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:25 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:29 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:25 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 5:05 p. m.

ARRIALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:30 a. m., Tarboro 12:29 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:20 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 3:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:25 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 2:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m. Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:09 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfied 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount .05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.20 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 2.45 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland, 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:48 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:06 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:55 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:30 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m. Fayetteville 11:10 a. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 11:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:19 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:20 p m Daily except Sunday.

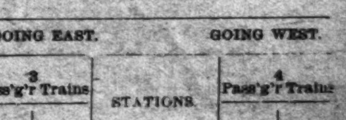
Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains: Arrive	Leave	STATIONS	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains: Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 32	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 00	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.
jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by
For sale by R. R. BELLAMY,
feb 1 tf Druggist.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16.

THREE MEN WOUNDED.

Fight Between Miners and Non-Union Men at Coal Mines in Illinois.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PANA, ILL., August 15.—The coal miners' lock-out here reached a climax to-day when a serious shooting affray occurred on the highway, near the city limits, leading to the Springside coal mine. This is the only one of the four large coal mines in Pana that is attempting to do any mining, and but seven non-union miners are working here. The seven go heavily armed to and from the shaft, in addition to being under guard of operators and deputy sheriffs with Winchesters. The union miners have been trying to induce these few non-union miners to cease working at the Springtide mine by congregating on the road and pleading with them as they go to the shafts in buggies driven by operators and deputy sheriffs. To-day several hundred union miners were congregated on the principal highway leading to the mine when Ed. Jones and James Palmer, non-union men, rode up on horseback into the miners lines and without any provocation, it is said, other than the miners asking to talk with them, began firing into the crowd, at the same time retreating as fast as their horses would carry them, but not until they had emptied their revolvers into the miner's ranks. Andrew Toomey had his right hand badly shattered by a ball and Michael Yermacavich was shot in the thigh. One other union miner is alleged to have been seriously wounded. A ball grazed the head of William Baker, another union miner.

The union miners quickly rallied, and headed by Barker with a shot-gun, which he secured at his home near the scene of the shooting, pursued Palmer, the non-unionist, to his home, where he had surrounded himself in his doorway by his female relatives to prevent Baker shooting. Later, Palmer and Jones were arrested and taken to the city jail which is surrounded by several hundred miners and citizens. Excitement is intense.

IN THE FAR EAST.

Great Britain Demands That China Dismiss Li Hung Chang—In Event of Refusal May Seize Port of Pekin.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 15.—The foreign office, it is reported here to-day, though the report as yet lacks confirmation, intends to demand that the Chinese Government dismiss Prince Li Hung Chang from power, on the ground that he is responsible for the recent anti-British attitude of the Taung Li Yamen.

The foreign office, it is also asserted, has had under special consideration the question of seizing the Taku forts on the Gulf of Pekin, at the mouth of the Pekin river and the city of Tion Tain, the port of Pekin, in the event of China refusing to comply with this demand, holding all until compliance is assured.

Meanwhile, the semi-official *Journal De St. Petersburg*, in to-day's issue, deprecates the tone of the British press and says: "Russia does not contemplate further acquisitions in the Far East. Her only object is to preserve the advantages recently gained. The Russian Government does not desire to injure the economic interests of Great Britain any more than those of any other power."

LEAVING SANTIAGO.

Spanish Prisoners Embarking—Great Mortality in Their Camps—U. S. Troops Returning Home.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 15, 11:25 A. M.—The Spanish steamer Isla de Luzon sailed this morning for Spain, having on board 2,136 Spanish soldiers. The Isla de Panay will probably sail to-morrow and she will be followed by the P. de Saturgesri. The Montevido arrived this morning and will begin loading at once.

The embarkation of the prisoners is being pushed with great activity. This is rendered imperative by their horrible condition. The mortality is so great in the Spanish camp, where disease is rampant, that no longer are the dead buried. A funeral pile of ten or twelve bodies is made, saturated with kerosene and set on fire, cremating the bodies in the open air.

The transport Breakwater sailed this morning with the Twelfth infantry. The City of Macon will sail this afternoon with the Seventeenth regiment, and the Leona leaves to-morrow with Battery C, of the Fourth artillery, the regiments of the Ninth and Tenth cavalry, the Gatling gun detachments and Col. Parker's two companies of the Thirty-fourth Michigan.

The Clinton has arrived from Tampa with medical supplies and several doctors.

BLANCO RESIGNS.

Does Not Want to Superintend the Evacuation of Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star

MADRID, August 15, 6 P. M.—The government has received from Captain General Blanco a dispatch tendering his resignation. The reason given by General Blanco for resigning is that he does not wish to superintend the evacuation of Cuba. The government is also informed that General Augustin, Governor General of the Philippines, will leave Manila for Spain by the first mail steamer, giving his command to the second in rank.

DON CARLOS' INTENTION.

Will Discourage Any Actual Rising of His Supporters in Spain.

LONDON, August 15.—A special dispatch from Lucerne, Switzerland, says the following inspired statement has been made there:

"Notwithstanding his disapproval of the course the government at Madrid is taking, Don Carlos maintains his firm intention to discourage any actual rising in Spain and is using all his influence to quell insurrectionary tendencies and attempted uprisings among and on the part of his too devoted followers.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY.

LEE DISCUSSES MATTERS IN CUBA.

It Will be Necessary to Maintain an Army of Occupation of About 45,000 Men.

GREAT COMMERCIAL FUTURE.

The Most Difficult Problem to Solve is the First Organization of a Preliminary Form of Government for the Island.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Major General Fitzhugh Lee, in command of the Seventh Army Corps, at Jacksonville, Fla., was in conference to-day with the President and the War Department authorities. He came here on a special telegraphic summons from Secretary Alger and it was with the latter he conferred for an hour with the President.

General Lee's experience as consul general at Havana has given him an intimate knowledge of Cuban conditions which will be availed of by the administration. It is generally expected that he will head the military commission which will adjust the affairs in Cuba, and also he has been strongly urged for the governorship of that island after the function of that commission ceases. On both these points, however, General Lee asserts he knows nothing. He would not speak of the subjects discussed as the result of his hasty trip here, beyond saying he has been talking over matters in Cuba generally. Then he added:

"The first work which will have to be done in Cuba will be to make arrangements by which all the municipal machinery can be put in operation in all the towns and governmental machinery throughout the island for each district. There will have to be a military control, I suppose, until such a time as the people interested can organize and put into operation a government which should be stable and strong enough to impartially protect the interests of Spaniards, Americans, Cubans and the people of all other nationalities now on the island, or who may hereafter go there."

"Is there a probability of Spanish interests suffering through the Cubans?"

"The Spanish property-holders, merchants and all other classes of Spaniards, naturally, would unite with the rest of the conservative inhabitants for the preservation of the interests of all the citizens, and I think they will help the natives and the Americans to maintain

A Strong, Safe Government.

This would be natural, because no class of people would be more interested than they are in maintaining property and all other rights. The most difficult problem to solve is the first organization of a preliminary form of government, as later the island will be very rapidly Americanized and all such questions will take care of themselves. As to the probabilities of the Cubans attaining a stable government, I presume that as soon as possible a proclamation will be issued setting a date for the holding of a general election for a chief executive of the island and for a legislative body, to which all matters affecting the future of the island will be referred. This legislative body probably will adopt a constitution and make the proper laws to put into operation the political form of government.

As to the army of occupation which will be necessary to maintain our position with respect to Cuba, 45,000 men will be ample to garrison the whole island. Of this number possibly 25,000 would be stationed in and about Havana. Mantanzas will be the next most important point for a garrison. Other points should be regulated by the probabilities of disorder that might take place there and the number of troops at the various points will naturally be governed by circumstances.

A Great Commercial Future.

"Properly directed, Cuba will have a great commercial future. Its unbounded and great resources will be very rapidly developed by American push, vigor and capital.".

General Lee says he has no plans beyond going back to Jacksonville to resume command of the Seventh Army Corps. He will leave for that point Wednesday.

TRAGEDY IN A COURT ROOM.

An Old Man, Crazed With Rage, Cuts the Throat of the Alleged Seducer of His Daughter.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Aug. 15.—In Justice Landrum's court to-day William Bain, a white-haired old man of 71 years, cut the throat of James Phillips, aged 30, whom the aged father claims seduced his daughter. Phillip's wound is dangerous and the doctors say he may not recover.

A case of seduction against Phillips by Bain's daughter, Mrs. Mary Scafe, was on trial. As soon as the hearing opened Phillips' attorneys secured a continuance. Phillips was sitting at a window in the court room when Bain started out of the place. As the old man reached his side he suddenly sprang upon Phillips and cut his throat. The knife used was a large one and the blade was as keen as a razor. The cut made reached from the center of the throat to a point almost under the right ear.

Phillips grappled with the old man and attempted to disarm him. Mrs. Scafe cried loudly while the men struggled and begged the court officials to separate them. Bailiffs caught Bain and he was handcuffed. Phillips was bleeding terribly and sank to the floor. A call was sent to the Grady hospital and an ambulance was called. Bain was almost crazed with rage when a patrolman took charge of him. His shirt was covered with the blood of Phillips. At police headquarters he said he was sorry he had not killed Phillips. He disgraced my family, he said, as tears ran down his cheeks, and I did my best to kill him. I wish I had cut his head off.

Bain's daughter is Mrs. Scafe and she resides with her father. She was married when fourteen years old and soon after her husband left her. Scafe left home nine years ago and his wife was told by Scafe's sister, it is said, that he was dead. The law supposes a man dead also who leaves his home and is not heard of in that time, so Mrs. Scafe decided she was free to marry. Phillips, she claims, promised to make her his wife.

TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds or fevers, use Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

AFFAIRS IN THE DEPARTMENTS.

The Reconstruction of Cuba and Porto Rico Receiving Most Earnest Consideration.

ADMIRAL SAMPSON'S FLEET.

A Grand Naval Review of the Ships to Be Held in New York Harbor—Steps Being Taken to Reduce the Force of Naval Militiamen.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The reconstruction of affairs in Cuba, Porto Rico and throughout the Spanish West Indies is receiving earnest consideration in official quarters, and at the White House to-day the President saw a number of prominent callers in connection with this reconstruction in our new insular dependencies. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee spent some time with the President, going over the condition of Cuban affairs. While no announcement was made, the impression prevailed that General Lee would be one of the Cuban military commissioners to be named within a few days. Acting Secretary Allen, of the Navy, also saw the President concerning Cuban affairs. It is probable that an American naval vessel will go to Havana harbor before long, and at least two naval vessels will be ordered to Havana when the military commission assembles there to determine upon the details of Spanish evacuation. Secretary Day also conferred with the President, and later determined, the peace terms being matured, to take a week's vacation. He will leave either to-night or to-morrow morning, going probably to Canton. Assistant Secretary Moore will be acting Secretary of State, during Judge Day's absence. The secretary's retirement from the head of the department is likely to follow soon after his return from Canton, and indeed it may come during his absence, al though there was no outward evidence to-day that he was about to close his connection with the State Department affairs.

A Naval Review.

The Navy Department decided during the day to yield as far as practicable to the public desire at New York for a naval review of the ships of Admiral Sampson's fleet. Accordingly Acting Secretary Allen issued the following order:

"The department is much gratified at the desire expressed to see a review of the war ships and cruisers recently ordered home, and so far as practicable is desirous of carrying out the wishes of those citizens who wish to see the ships. But neither the officers nor the men of the fleet are in condition to participate in a street parade. The department is taking the opportunity of the armistice to put these ships at once into the best possible condition for such uses as may hereafter be required of them. It is expected all other work will be suspended and the entire available force of the navy yard directed to this work, in order to secure the greatest possible dispatch.

"The Department will direct, upon arrival in New York harbor, that the fleet will steam up the North river as far as General Grant's tomb, fire a salute, and steam back to the anchorage. It is expected that the fleet will reach New York on Saturday, the 20th instant."

The plan is to have Admiral Sampson met off Sandy Hook with orders for the procession up the North river. It is expected that the fleet will be off Sandy Hook some time Friday night, but will lie outside the harbor until Saturday morning.

The Naval Reserves.

The Navy Department is taking steps to reduce the force of naval militiamen called into service from the several States. The Minneapolis is to transfer part of her crew to the Yosemite, thus releasing the Michigan naval militiamen, who man the Yosemite. The Columbia is also to transfer her crew to the Dixie, and other auxiliary craft, thus allowing the naval militiamen on these auxiliaries to go home. In this way the naval service will speedily be returned into the hands of the regular officers and crews.

SOLDIERS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

A Riot in Which a Negro Narrowly Escaped Lynching—Investigation Being Made.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 15.—Dan Thomas, a negro crab fisherman, was wounded and narrowly escaped lynching at the hands of soldiers to-day. Two men of Troop B, of the regular cavalry, which attempted to quell the riot, were dragged from their horses by the volunteers and slightly injured in the tussle. The negro's house, a block and a half from the presidio, was almost wrecked.

The trouble began in a saloon. Will Davis, a private of Company L, First Tennessee regiment, was drinking in the saloon. Five or six other soldiers from different regiments and the negro, Thomas, were in the place. According to the story told by Davis, the negro approached him and asked for a drink. Davis replied that he had no money, whereupon the negro struck Davis in the right eye with a set of brass knuckles. The two closed in a struggle until they were separated by an Iowa private.

When the negro found himself free he left the saloon and went to his home. Thither he was followed by the soldiers who wrecked the house in an endeavor to get at the man. But for the prompt arrival of Major Cheatham, the negro might have fared much worse. On the way to the guard house at the presido, where Thomas was taken for safe-keeping, the negro was attacked by Private Scruggs, who struck him a terrible blow over the head with a bludgeon. The soldiers were quieted with much difficulty. General Miller is investigating the affair.

All the men engaged in the riot were volunteers. Most of them were Tennesseeans but there were a number also from the Kansas and Iowa regiments.

THE PEACE PROTOCOL.

An Error in the Text of the Document as Cabled from Madrid.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Owing to an error in transmission, article 3, of the full text of the peace protocol as cabled from Madrid was not given with accuracy. The text of this article is really as follows:

"Article 3—The United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Philippines."

DEWEY BOMBARDED MANILA SATURDAY.

The City Surrendered Unconditionally—Captain General Augustin Escaped.

RESCUED BY THE GERMANS.

And Carried on a Warship to Hong Kong. Proclamation of Peace Had Not Then Reached Manila—Insurgents Displeased With Terms.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HONG KONG, August 15.—General Augustine, captain general of the Philippines, arrived by the Kaiserin August 15. He refused to be interviewed and will say nothing more than he is going to Spain at the first opportunity. It is a significant fact that while the fastest German cruiser has brought General Augustin, she brings only a small package of mail for the German consul. The consul is now in Canton, and his mail matter remains unopened. The precise facts are not known, but it is supposed that General Augustin fled from the Philippines.

Insurgents Not Satisfied.

HONG KONG, August 15.—The Spanish consul here has not yet sent to Manila the news that the protocol has been signed; and probably the Spaniards at Manila will discredit the account to be brought them by the British steamer Australia, as she was chartered by the Americans.

The opinion here is that the Germans have arranged matters with General Augustin. The insurgents now at Hong Kong are not satisfied with the terms of peace proposed by the Americ ns.

That Manila Has Fallen is Denied.

LONDON, August 15.—Nothing has been received here to justify a rumor cabled back from the United States, that Manila has fallen and is now in possession of the Americans. The German cruiser Kaiserin Augusta, which arrived at Hong Kong to-day, is the latest vessel out of Manila to report conditions there, and she brings no intimation of a surrender of the city.

Manila Has Fallen.

LONDON, August 15.—The Westminster *Gazette* says it has received from a London business house, a report that Manila has fallen. The report comes from the firm's Hong Kong agent.

MADRID, August 15, 8:30 P. M.—According to *La Correspondencia de Espana*, the surrender of Manila occurred after the last attacks made upon the city.

The News Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The Department of State has just issued the following:

The following dispatch was received at the Department of State at 11.15 P. M., August 15, from Consul Wildman, Hong Kong: "Augustin says Dewey bombarded Manila Saturday. City surrendered unconditionally. Augustin was taken by the Germans in a launch to the Kaiserin Augusta and brought to Hong Kong. I credit the report."

MILITARY COMMISSIONERS.

The President Has Practically Determined Upon the Military and Naval Officers for This Duty.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The *Post* to-morrow will say:

The announcement of the personnel of the military commission for Cuba and Porto Rico may now be expected at any time. The President has practically determined upon the military and naval officers who will compose the commissions. It is probable that the names will be as follows:

Cuban Commission—Major General J. T. Wade, Major General M. C. Butler and Admiral W. T. Sampson.

Porto Rico Commission—Major General John R. Brooke, Major General Theodore Schwan and Admiral Winfield S. Schley.

It will be noticed that the name of General Fitzhugh Lee does not appear in the list of the Cuban commissioners. The omission is not unintentional. General Lee was originally slated for a place on the commission but will not serve owing to his desire to remain at the head of the army corps. It is expected that this corps, the Seventh, will eventually be sent to Cuba, and in that event General Lee will go to the island at its head, preferring this position to a commissionership.

SHAFTER'S TROOPS.

The Last of His Corps Expected to Leave Santiago Thursday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—A cable message was received at the War Department this morning from General Shafter at Santiago de Cuba, saying that he expected that the last of the troops of his corps (5th) will have left Santiago for the United States, by Thursday next and that he, General Shafter, will start for home next Saturday. All that now remains to be transported is the third division, commanded by General Bates. These troops will be embarked as rapidly as the transportation facilities will permit.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Record of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 0; Cincinnati, 8.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 4; St. Louis, 7.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 9; Pittsburg, 3. Second game, Baltimore, 6; Pittsburg, 1.

Boston—Boston, 4; Cleveland, 3. Second game, Boston, 6; Cleveland, 0.

Washington—Washington, 1; Louisville, 3.

New York—New York, 2; Chicago, 2.—tee-tee.

FITZ LEE A CANDIDATE.

Announces That He Will Enter the Senatorial Race in Virginia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The *Post* to-morrow will say;

General Fitzhugh Lee will enter the Senatorial race in Virginia. This announcement can be made without any qualification. It is authorized by General Lee himself, who last night directed the following statement to a representative of the *Post*: Upon being asked the question as to his future intentions and appreciating the interest felt in the matter throughout Virginia, General Lee said; "I shall be a candidate for the United States Senate."

INSURGENTS MAY CAUSE TROUBLE.

A Wild Rumor Afloat That the Cuban Army Will Attack Santiago.

IGNORING THE ARMISTICE.

Must be Suppressed With Iron Hand. Conference With Garcia and Other Leaders That May Lead to Settlement of Trouble

By Cable to the Morning Star.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 15, 12.25 A. M.—Trouble with the Cubans is brewing. Their attitude is one of sullen hostility toward Americans. The better class in Cuba favor the annexation of the island to the United States and a majority of the masses are ready and anxious to work and accept the shelter and protection afforded by an American protectorate, but they are influenced by a certain class of rabid orators and breeders of sedition and rebellion against anything smacking of law and order.

This inflammatory class demands and urges the recognition of Cuba for Cubans, and spurns all offers or suggestions tending to prosperity under an American protectorate, and excites popular discontent. This is exactly the class that pushes itself most into evidence, and whose views and opinions are most overheard and published.

Their advice to the Cubans is to repudiate all offers of peace or a cessation of hostilities, and to look upon an armistice as an agreement between the United States and on their own account and not binding upon the free and independent state of Cuba, whose liberating army not only repudiates pacification, but will ignore the armistice to the point of continuing to wage war and shooting every Spaniard in the field.

A Wild Rumor

is afloat to the effect that the Cuban army will attack Santiago and capture it, to the glory of the Cuban arms, as soon as the American garrison is weakened. This is directly traceable to the above-mentioned source. The influence exerted by such a body of men against law and order is formidable. This historical people demands suppression with an iron hand. While still in embryo, this influence is already felt among certain classes who refuse to work or serve the government until a clear statement of the freedom and independence of their country is made clear.

A knowledge of this condition is imperative to the moulding of future policy and to explain whatever harsh steps may be rendered necessary in dealing with the insurgents.

Shafter's Sick Report.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—General Shafter's report of the health condition of his troops at Santiago as bulletined at the War Department to-night, is as follows:

"Sanitary report for August 14th: Total number sick, 2,715; total number fever cases, 1,506; total number new cases, 129; number fever cases returned to duty, 226."

The number of deaths reported for August, 11th, 12th and 13th is 22.

Customs Revenues.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 15.—The official report submitted to General Shafter by Collector of the Port Donaldson, shows the customs revenues from July 30th to August 13th to be $64,215, an excellent showing for the first fortnight of American administration.

Miss Clara Barton of the Red Cross Society to-day cabled President McKinley requesting that a vessel be given her at once for the purpose of taking relief supplies to the starving Cubans in Havana, where, according to reports, want and distress prevail. It is expected that a vessel will be placed at the service of the Red Cross Society immediately, as there is an abundant stock of supplies here, only awaiting means of trrnsportation.

Arrangements to Quiet Insurgents.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, August 15, 11 P. M.—A secret meeting was held to night at the Palace between the commanding officers of the American army and the Cuban leaders. The strictest secrecy was maintained, but it can be said on good authority that Gen. Garcia was present.

The meeting lasted an hour and a half. The information obtained is to the effect that the Cuban situation was thoroughly reviewed, and that it was resolved to disband the Cuban army and that the United States should pay the men off. This involves the expenditure of $15,000,000, but it is most important to the prosperity of the island, whose wealth is entirely agricultural; nobody, planter or farmer, daring to cultivate his lands while the insurgent bands are in the field raiding and burning.

FIGHTING IN PORTO RICO.

Schwan's Column Attacked—Spaniards Repulsed--Their Commander Wounded—Americans Suffered No Loss.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PONCE, PORTO RICO, August 15, morning.—General Schwan's column was attacked yesterday between Mayaguez and Lares. As the Eleventh infantry, under Colonel Burke, was descending the valley of the Rio Grande, they were fired upon from a hill side by a force of fifteen hundred Spaniards who were retreating toward the north. The fire was returned and the Spaniards were repulsed with, it s believed, considerable loss.

Colonel Soto, the commander of the Mayaguez district, was wounded and was afterward overtaken in a wayside cottage. He was attended by two sergeants, who surrendered. The Americans suffered no loss. The artillery and cavalry were not engaged.

General Schwan had not received news of the signing of the protocol when the action occurred, but obtained it yesterday afternoon. The reports from General Miles are meagre.

Peace Proclaimed.

GUAYAMA, PORTO RICO, August 15.—General Brooke sent Col. Richardson to the Spanish lines yesterday, under a flag of truce with a notification of the signing of the peace protocol. He was met by the commandant in person. After the communication had been read felicitations and cigars were exchanged.

Flags of truce are flying over our outposts. It was suggested that they be also planted over the Spanish lines, and the suggestion was accepted.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

CONDITIONS AT SANTIAGO.

Gen. Shafter Reports the Death Rate Not Alarming But is Increasing—Supplies Are Abundant.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—Secretary Alger to-day received the following letter from General Shafter, which is in part as follows:

"*Headquarters Fifth Army Corps, Santiago de Cuba, August 4, 1898.*—Hon. R. A. Alger, Secretary of War, Washington, D. C.—My Dear General: Your kind letter of July 25th was handed me yesterday by Major Sniffen. I thank you and the President for the confidence you express in my ability to handle the matters entrusted to me here.

"The number taken ill in my camp is very great, as you will see, though not much greater than those returned to duty; and the death rate is not at present alarming, although it is steadily on the increase, and the doctors tell me that the fever, malarial and otherwise, is constantly presenting more virulent features. Every effort possible is made to guard ships bringing supplies to the army, but it is almost impossible to enforce it, when ships must be unloaded and men necessarily must come together in discharging and receiving cargo. The great trouble is that the people themselves seem to have no fear of infection, and, unless you have a guard over every individual man, it is almost impossible to keep them from mingling.

"The Silver Question

has settled itself, and American silver is received the same as American paper. The soldiers, I believe, have nearly all been accounted for. Not a single man was captured, and the only men now missing are those who were killed in the thick brush and whose bodies have never been found. The country has been scoured faithfully for bodies. This was done a short time after the battle.

"The camps now occupied are measurably good. They certainly are on the best ground in the vicinity, and slight changes of location can be made. The difficulty in separating camps of an army of this size is on account of the great difficulty of supplying them with the necessary food, especially during the wet season, when half a dozen wagons over a road cut it into ruts two feet deep in places. Pack trains are very good, and we have to use them and do use them; in fact, without them we could not get along; but the sickness among the teamsters and packers has been very great—nearly every one of them, I suppose 95 per cent.—have been sick, and, like the soldiers, they do not recover their strength.

"Supplies are abundant here of all articles of food and clothing.

Sympathy for McKinley.

"I cannot fully express my gratitude to you for all the opportunities that you have given me and for the confidence that you repose in me, as shown more strongly than in any other way by leaving me unhampered in my operations against Santiago. I am very sorry to see that some newspapers are attempting to throw blame of your trying to run the campaign from Washington, and I suppose some people believe it. It is one of the things, however, that I don't suppose we can help, although whenever I have had an opportunity I have tried to make it plain that I have been left to my own devices.

"I am sincerely yours,
"WILLIAM R. SHAFTER."

TORNADO IN MINNESOTA.

Seven or More People Killed—Buildings Destroyed and Crops Greatly Damaged.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., August 15.—A Canby, Minn., special to the *Journal* says: A tornado last night struck twelve miles northwest of this place, killed seven people, destroyed many buildings and did great damage to crops. The entire family of Joseph Hutchinson, including his wife and four children, were killed, also Peter Juglin. The storm was not wide in extent, but very violent. Seven people are missing and some of them may be killed. The storm was on the border between Southwestern Minnesota and South Dakota.

A Gary, S. D., special to the *Journal* concerning the Canby tornado, adds Charles Ebal and a laboring man, name unknown, to the list of the dead. Ebal's wife and three children are missing.

MOVEMENTS AT TAMPA.

The Mascotte Expected to Sail for Havana—Rita Sailed for Porto Rico. Fifth Cavalry's Departure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TAMPA, FLA., August 15.—It was announced somewhere to-day that the Mascotte would sail for Havana to-night. At the office of the steamship company to-day it was said that the boat was now performing a mail contract between this city and Key West and whenever the department ordered the service extended to Havana the boat would go, but not before. The announcement has caused a flood of inquiry from all over the country from people who are anxious to go to Havana. The order may come before the boat sails to-morrow night.

The Rita sailed for Porto Rico this morning and the Wanderer crossed the bar early on her way to Cuba with supplies for General Gomez and his people.

The Fifth cavalry left to-night for Huntsville. General Snyder left with his headquarters for the same place accompanied by Company F, of the Fifth Maryland which is his body-guard.

MADRID ADVICES.

News of Peace Heartily Welcomed in Spanish Coast Towns—Vessels Preparing Provisions for Cuba.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, August 15.—Duke Almodovar de Rio has received an intimation that the Cuban blockade has been raised and cable communication restored.

Numerous vessels are being prepared in Spanish ports to take provisions to Cuba.

The next cabinet council will consider the question of summoning the Cortes. Senor Sagasta, the premier, is hopeful that the ministers will be agreed upon this point.

The news of peace was heartily welcomed in the Spanish coast towns, and the families who fled, fearing an attack by Commodore Watson, are now returning.

The Portuegese ministry has resigned and Senor Jose Lucanio has been charged with the task of forming a new cabinet.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

Remember, we have the largest stock of WALL PAPER in the State; all the LATEST STYLES, with suitable BORDERS TO MATCH.

Window Shades.

We make to order from GENUINE SCOTCH-HOLLAND, Window Shades, all sizes and kinds at BOTTOM PRICES.

Picture Framing.

Those having Pictures to Frame will do well to see our NEW LINE OF MOULDINGS.

jy 17 tf

C. W. YATES & CO.,
Booksellers and Stationers, Wilmington, N. C.

SAVE SOMETHING EVERY WEEK,
AND DEPOSIT IT IN
The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $25,000. Surplus $10,000.

We Want Your Business, and Therefore Keep Open till 9 O'clock Every Saturday Night.

1.—Your money will be safe from fire or burglars.
2.—You can draw it out when you need it.
3.—It will be earning interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum and working for you while you are asleep.

We will take pleasure in explaining our system to any man, woman or child, wishing to deposit.

je 9 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business July 14th, 1898, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$543,255 52	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		167 97	Surplus	$70,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,100 00	Undivided profits	9,953 25	79,953 25
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$109,664 22		Total Deposits		561,976 40
Cash on hand	99,741 94	209,406 16			
Total		$802,929 65	Total		$802,929 65

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	July 14, '96.	July 14, '97.	July 14, '98.
Total Deposits	$484,000	$514,000	$562,000
Surplus and Net Profits	56,700	69,000	79,900
Bills Payable and Re-discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892.

jy 28 tf

GRAVEYARD GHOULS.

Court Martial of an Officer of a Kansas Regiment Charged With Desecrating Graves.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The trial by court martial of Captain L. C. Duncan, of the Twenty-second Kansas regiment, charged with desecrating Confederate graves in Virginia, was resumed at Thoroughfare Gap to-day. The most important witness was Captain George E. Ross, Company I, 22nd Kansas, who on hearing of the report of the grave digging, investigated the matter. When he reached the scene and asked for an officer, he said Duncan stepped out and made a remark to the effect that he was conducting a medical research and wanted to ascertain what the men in the graves had died from. Replying to his questions, the soldiers standing around stated that they were digging up rebels. Witness was indignant at what he saw and took prompt measures to report to headquarters. On cross examination he said that there were about a dozen men in all, some of whom were non-commissioned officers. He did not see Duncan handle any bones or clothes.

Sergeant J. M. Southerd, of the Twenty-second Kansas, saw a party of men opening graves. He identified a button he had obtained from Private Wise of the Twenty-second, who he believed got it from one of the graves. He saw the jaw-bone of the occupant of a grave and also some buttons and parts of epaulets. A sergeant of company H, Third New York regiment, identified Duncan as the officer, who with a party of men, was seen digging in a mound of earth.

A CARLIST RISING.

Believed That It Will Take Place Upon Conclusion of Peace Negotiations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LONDON, August 16.—The *Daily Mail's* Biarritz correspondent says:

Despite public declarations, it is clear that everything is ready for a Carlist rising immediately upon the conclusion of the peace negotiations. It is believed that Don Carlos will wait until the army returns from Cuba before ordering an insurrection, as he hopes the Cuban army will return discontented and ripe for revolution. Carlist agents have been working in Cuba for months past."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Country Produce Shippers take notice. It will pay you to ship your Produce to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. All goods given careful attention and prompt returns made. au 14 tf

Country Produce of every kind at low prices. Country shipments solicited. Choicest Fruits. Bell 'Phone 388. P. H. Smith, 314 Campbell street au 14 tf

For Rent—My House, 307 Harnett street, furnished or unfurnished. Possession given October 1st. Good cistern and stable on premises. Mrs. W. R. Mayo. au 14 1w

For Rent—Two five-room Cottages on Carolina Beach, and one five-room Cottage on Ocean View Beach. Apply to D. O'Connor, real estate agent. au 14 3t

For Rent—The well known Currie Stables, corner of Second and Princess streets. Room for fifty horses. Apply to D. O'Connor. au 14 3t

For Rent—Residence, east side Fifth street between Ann and Nun. Seven rooms. Possession given September 1st, 1898. Apply to Mrs. J. H. Runge, 311 South Fifth street. au 12 3t

Butter, Butter, Butter, from 10 cents per pound up. Also, Irish Potatoes and North Carolina Hams in abundance. See me before buying. L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. au 10 tf

The Most Prosperous man is the country merchant who ships his produce to R. B. Moore. And why? Because he sells your produce for the very best prices and makes the promptest returns. Try him and be convinced. 125 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. au 7 tf

Photographs and Frames—Finest kind of Photographs. Beautiful new Frames to suit any Picture. Lovely Easels. Enlarging a specialty. Lowest prices in city. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ask for U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. au 3 tf

Ship Your Cotton, Naval Stores and all kinds of Country Produce to me. Highest prices, quick sales and prompt returns. I also inspect tar and turpentine. H. B. Register, 105 North Water street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 26 tf

To Country Merchants and Farmers—Ship your beef cattle and mutton and all country produce to M. C. Benson, 108 Dock street. Best prices and prompt returns. jy 13 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 208 sep 21 tf

R. R. LOVE & BRO.,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
110 North Water street. We solicit your consignments and orders.
One second hand Cook Stove and two second hand Show Cases for sale cheap.
au 3 1m R. R. Love & Bro.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

TRUTH Will Prevail.

That is why our ads. bring such results. Last week, while trade seemed stagnated at other houses,

WE HAD A RUSH

of business that was really remarkable for the season. We had advertised a line of unmatchable BARGAINS, and the people knew they would find them when they came.

When you read a statement made by us, in this or any other space, you can depend upon it being the TRUTH.

OTHER BARGAINS DISPLAYED FOR THIS WEEK

and prices are plainly marked on them. Our buyer will leave for Northern markets in a few days, and will attend to any SPECIAL ORDERS that may be intrusted to us.

NEW CARPETS arriving daily and Special Prices for the month of August.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

Sole agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.
au 14 tf

This Cut
REPRESENTS ONE OF THE MANY STYLES OF THIS NOW
Famous Line
of Fine Footwear at
$2.00, $2.50, and $3.00.
Also, Low Cut Shoes at Low Cut Prices.

Our Popular Watch Contest
is now on for 60 days.
Look in Our Window!
Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
au 4 tf 115 Princess street.

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,
402 and 404 North Fourth Street.
je 4 tf tu th sa

Carolina Beach and Southport
STEAMBOAT LINE.
Following Schedule in Effect After Monday, July 25th.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.15 A. M.; 3 and 5 15 P. M.
Leave Wilmington every day, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.00 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 and 7.30 P. M. Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 and 8.30 P. M.
9.15 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.00 M.
Fare on 5.15 and 7.30 P. M boats to pier and return, 15 cents.
J. W. Harper.
jy 26 tf

HOTEL STEWART.
Rates $2.00 Per Day.
West Centre St., opposite R. R. Ticket Office.
feb 22tf Goldsboro, N. C.